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World Agroforestry Centre

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS & ACRONYMS

ARMC Audit and Risk Management Committee

AWARD African Women in Agricultural Research and

Development

CGIAR Consultative Group for International

Agricultural Research

CRP CGIAR Research Programme

FRMC Finance and Resource Mobilization

Committee

HQ Headquarters

HR Human Resources

IAS International Accounting Standards

ICRAF World Agroforestry Centre

ICT Information and Communication Technology
IFRS International Financial Reporting Standards

IRS Internationally Recruited Staff

MNC Multinational Corporation

NGC Nominations and Governance Committee

NGO Non-Governmental Organization

NRS Nationally Recruited Staff

OC Operations Committee

OCS One Corporate System

OSU OCS Operational Support Unit
PC Programmes Committee
RMC Risk Management Committee

USD United States Dollar





About Us

ICRAF is a centre of scientific excellence that harnesses the benefits of trees for people and the environment. Leveraging the world's largest repository of agroforestry science and information, we develop knowledge practices, for farmers' fields to the global sphere, to ensure food security and environmental sustainability.

ICRAF is the only institution conducting globally significant agroforestry research in and for all of the developing tropics. Knowledge produced by ICRAF allows governments, development agencies, and farmers to use the power of trees to make farming livelihoods more environmentally, socially and economically sustainable at scales.

We are guided by the broad development challenges pursued by CGIAR, a global research partnership for a food-secure future, which include poverty reduction, increasing food and nutritional security, and improved natural resource systems and environmental services. ICRAF's work also addresses many of the issues being tackled by the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), specifically those that aim to eradicate hunger, reduce poverty, provide affordable and clean energy, protect life on land, and combat climate change.

Our Vision

An equitable world where all people have viable livelihoods supported by healthy and productive landscapes.

Our Mission

To harness the multiple benefits trees provide for agriculture, livelihoods, resilience and the future of our planet, from farmers' fields through to continental scales.

Our Value Offer

ICRAF possesses the world's largest repository of agroforestry science and information: expertise; published literature; methods; data; databases; partnership networks; and tree germplasm collections. Specifically, on rural landscapes and livelihoods we are the place to engage for:

- · Providing robust evidence and analyses
- · Making available social and technical solutions
- · Assisting with design, decision and delivery options
- · Developing capacities, convening and partnerships

Our work is primarily delivered through six regional programmes supported by Nairobi-based laboratories and technical units.



Our Operating Principles and Values

ICRAF's three Operating Principles focus on:

- People: collaboration and partnership; learning attracting, nurturing, and rewarding talent;
- Science: quality science; communicating for accelerated impact; value for money; testing development options; and
- Processes: efficiency and effectiveness; accountability; subsidiarity; empowerment.

The Operating Principles are reinforced by our four values of Professionalism, Creativity, Mutual Respect and Inclusivity.

Our Priority Themes

We work with cross-sectoral and transdisciplinary approaches with greatest attention around four priority themes:

- Systems: Resilient Livelihood Systems,
- Trees: Tree Productivity and Diversity
- · Soils: Land Health Decisions
- · Landscapes: Greening Tree Crop Landscapes

The themes are supported by a Science Quality Platform and an Accelerating Impact, Learning and Capacity Development Platform.

Our Regional Programmes

The research and development work of the Centre spans global, regional, national, sub-national and local scales. ICRAF operates six regional programmes:

- · East and Southern Africa Region
- · West and Central Africa Region

- · South East Asia Region
- East and Central Asia Region
- · South Asia Region
- · Latin America Region

Our People

The organization comprises 490 staff from a wide array of disciplines including forestry, agriculture, economics, soil science, social science, administration, monitoring and evaluation, communications and ICT. Their high-level skills and expertise ensure that the Centre has the capacity to conduct quality research, and to use this research to advance policies and practices that benefit the poor and the environment.

Our Partners

The World Agroforestry Centre has always implemented much of its work in partnership with a range of public, private and international bodies. Our partnerships are based on a clear recognition of the value that is added through working jointly with partners and sharing strengths to achieve specific outcomes. We partner with universities, advanced research institutions, national agricultural research organizations, private sector organizations, and government and non-government agencies in the fields of agriculture, forestry, environment, conservation and climate change.

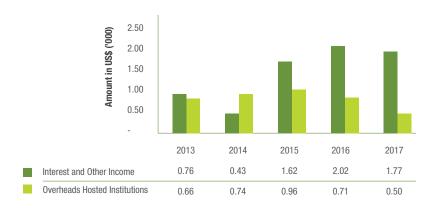


FIVE-YEAR PERFORMANCE REVIEW



Gross Grant Income (2013-2017)

Grant revenue decreased by 13% to \$52.74 million in 2017 (2016 - decreased by 4% to \$60.31 million)



Other Income (2013-2017)

Other income decreased by 17% to \$2.27 million in 2017 (2016 - increased by 6% to \$2.73 million)



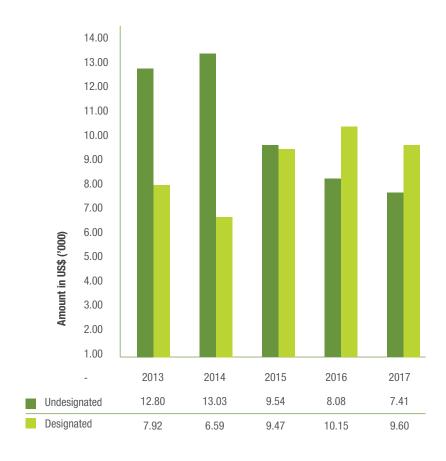
Total Assets (excluding property and equipment) (2013-2017)

The Centre's statement of financial position decreased by 5% to \$63.34 million (2016 – decreased by 14% to \$66.35 million)



Expenditure (2013-2017)

The Centre's expenditure decreased by 12% to \$56.48 million in 2016 (2016 - increased by 4% to \$64.43 million)



Net Assets (excluding property and equipment)

(2013-2017)
There was a marginal

decrease in net assets from \$18.23 million in 2016 to \$17.02 million in 2017

CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Ms. Marie Claire O Connor (Chair)	Ireland
Dr. John Lynam (Former Chair)	USA (Left in December 2017)
Prof. Lisa Sennerby Forsse (Vice Chair)	Sweden
Dr. Héctor Cisneros	Peru
Ms. Bushra Naz Malik	Pakistan
Mr. Alexander Müller	Germany
Prof. Augustin Brice Sinsin	Benin
Mr. Vijai Sharma	India (Joined in April 2017)
Prof. Anthony Simons, Ex-officio	United Kingdom
Dr. José Campos, Ex-officio	Costa Rica (Joined in April 2017)
Dr. Richard Lesiyampe, <i>Ex-officio</i>	Kenya

AUDITOR

Deloitte & Touche

Certified Public Accountants

Deloitte Place

P. O. Box 40092 - 00100

Nairobi

Kenya

LAWYERS

Oraro & Company Advocates

ACK Garden House

3rd Floor, Wing C, First Ngong Avenue

P.O. Box 51236 - 00200

Nairobi

Kenya

BOARD SECRETARY

Ms. Christine Larson-Luhila

BOARD OF TRUSTEES



Ms. Marie Claire O'Connor

Chair, Board of Trustees

Ms. Marie Claire O'Connor holds a BSc in Biochemistry from University College Dublin and MSc in Organizational Behaviour from Trinity College/Irish Management Institute. She is an FCA, qualifying with Coopers and Lybrand – now PwC. She worked in treasury (Esso), corporate banking (Bank of America), investment banking (Westlb) and fund management (Irish Life). Claire was the CEO of the American Chamber of Commerce in Ireland from 1998 to 2001. She held Board appointments in the Irish Energy Centre and the Industrial Credit Corporation Plc. She was Director of the National Disability Authority from 2001 to 2005 – a body which developed standards and codes of practice for inclusion of people with disabilities in Ireland. She served for six years on the Irish Department of Agriculture's Independent Advisory Audit Committee.



Dr. John LynamFormer Chair, Board of Trustees

Dr. John Lynam, an agricultural economist, is currently an independent consultant, whose work has largely focused on smallholder-led agricultural development in the tropics. His research interests include agricultural innovation and productivity, and the role of the private sector in agriculture. He serves on several boards, including the Advisory Committee for the Collaborative Crop Research Programme, McKnight Foundation and the Advisory Panel of Harvest Choice. He led the CGIAR Board Orientation Program providing orientation to new Board members across all Centres.



Prof. Lisa Sennerby Forsse

Vice Chair

Prof. Lisa Sennerby Forsse has a PhD in plant biology and adjunct professorship in short rotation forestry. From 2006 to 2015, she was the vice-chancellor of SLU, the Swedish University of Agricultural Sciences. Previously she was research director at the Swedish Forestry Research Institute (SkogForsk) and at the Swedish Environmental Protection Agency. Her academic fields cover a range of forest and agricultural related issues, including plant physiology, agroforestry and silviculture as well as the environmental aspects of land use, and the utilization of bioenergy from trees. She was a member of the CGIAR Science Council 2004-2006. In 2001, she was awarded "The Golden Twig" by the Swedish Forestry Association in recognition of her achievements, and in 2010 received the Royal Gold Medal from the King of Sweden Carl XVI Gustaf for Outstanding Achievements in Agricultural Sciences. She was awarded doctor of honor at Faculty of Science. University of Copenhagen in 2013 and at University of British Columbia, Canada 2014.



Dr. Héctor CisnerosMember

Dr. Héctor Cisneros holds a PhD in Forestry from the University of British Columbia and an MSc in Forestry from University of Toronto. He has worked in both North America and Peru, and his main areas of expertise include rural development, forestry and environmental issues. He is currently the Executive Coordinator of the National Forest Conservation Programme to Mitigate Climate Change in the Ministry of Environment in Peru. He has authored and co-authored over 20 technical papers.



Ms. Bushra Naz Malik Member

Ms. Bushra Naz Malik is a renowned business and governance expert who serves as a member and current Chair of the Independent Oversight Advisory Committee of the Governing Board of the International Labour Organization (ILO). She served on the CGIAR System Management Board and is currently the Chair of their Audit and Risk Committee. She is also a Director of MHM Consulting a management service provider firm. Between 2010 and 2013, she was a Director and Chairperson of the Audit Committee at the Lahore Stock Exchange Ltd in Pakistan. Ms. Malik served as the Group Finance Director and member of the Board of Directors of Kohinoor Maple Leaf Group, Lahore, a consortium of publicly listed firms headquartered in Pakistan from 2007 to 2010. Ms. Malik is a Fellow Member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and a CA/CPA from Chartered Professional Accountants, Ontario, Canada, and did her MBA at Kellogg Business School in the United States and the Schulich Business School, Canada. She has an LLB degree from the Punjab College and Advanced Management Program certification from the Harvard Business School. Ms. Malik is committed to the cause of women and provides consultancy services to a local NGO dubbed 'All Mothers Educated Now' based in Pakistan. In 2012 she served as a member of the Commonwealth Business Women, Pakistan Steering Group.



Prof. Augustin Brice Sinsin

Member

Prof. Augustin Brice Sinsin obtained his PhD at the Free University of Brussels, Belgium. His fields of competencies include agroforestry, conservation of endangered species, and plant ecology and phytosociology. He has served as a member of the Governing Board of the West African Science Service Centre on Climate and Adapted Land Use and is currently the Director of Laboratory of Applied Ecology, Faculty of Agronomic Sciences at the University of Abomey-Calavi. In 2014, he was awarded the World Leader Business Person during the World Conference on Business. He has authored and co-authored over 300 publications.



Mr. Alexander MüllerMember

Mr. Alexander Müller is the Study Lead of "The Economics of Ecosystems and Biodiversity for Agriculture and Food (TEEBAgriFood)", Ma global project hosted at UNEP in Geneva/Switzerland. He served as the Assistant-Director General of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) from 2006 to 2013. In June 2009 Mr. Müller was nominated as a member of the Advisory Group on Energy and Climate Change (AGECC) by the Secretary-General of the UN to provide advice on the energy-related dimensions of the climate change negotiations. From 2008 to 2011 he served as chair of the United Nations System Standing Committee on Nutrition (UNSCN). Mr. Müller is a former city councillor from Marburg, Germany. He was also State Secretary for the Ministry of Youth, Family Affairs and Health in Hesse; Secretary of State for the Ministry for Consumer Protection, Food and Agriculture in the Federal Republic of Germany; and Member of the Parliament of Hessen. He has over 20 years of experience in promoting environmental and social sustainability and has authored and co-authored a range of publications on land degradation and sustainable land governance.



Mr. Vijai Sharma Member

Mr. Vijai Sharma is the Chairman of the Network for Certification and Conservation of Forests, a non-profit organization working on the environmental, economic and social aspects of sustainable forestry and developing forest management certification standards. He has served as Secretary in the Ministry of Environment and Forests in India, and as Chief Information Commissioner under the Right to Information Act. Mr Sharma was one of the architects of the 1997 Kyoto Protocol, and led India's delegation to several UN conferences on climate change and biodiversity. He served as India's National Focal Point on Climate Change and Ozone, and was instrumental in bringing the annual climate change talks to Delhi in 2002. Mr Sharma was an Advisor to the President of the Eighth Conference of the Parties to the UNFCCC and Special Advisor to the Executive Director of UNEP. He was also key in the setting up of the National Environmental Appellate Authority (1997), the National Ganga River Basin Authority (2009), and the National Green Tribunal (2010) in India. Mr. Sharma has law degrees from University College London and Harvard Law School. He has authored several articles on the environment for leading newspapers, and coauthored two books on India's military archaeology.



Prof. Anthony Simons

Ex-officio member

Prof. Anthony Simons is the Director General of the World Agroforestry Centre. He is a Board member of Plant Resources of Tropical Africa (PROTA) and the African Centre for Technology Studies (ACTS), and a member of the Panel of Experts of Forest Genetic Resources. He is also an Honorary Professor of Tropical Forestry at Forest & Landscape Denmark (FLD), Faculty of Life Science, University of Copenhagen. Prof. Simons has a PhD in Botany from Cambridge University, United Kingdom.



Dr. José CamposEx-officio member

Dr. José Campos currently serves as Chair of the Board of Directors of the Center for International Forestry Research (CIFOR). He is also a senior fellow at EcoAgriculture Partners. From 2008 to 2016 he was the Director General of CATIE, an international organization that combines graduate education, research and outreach in agriculture and natural resources in Latin America and the Caribbean. He also served in various positions at CATIE, including Deputy Director General and Director of the departments of Natural Resources and Environment, Rural Development, and Forestry and the Latin American Chair on Forest Landscape Management, head of the Unit of Natural Forest Management, Project Leader of Silviculture of Natural Forests and National Coordinator of the Multipurpose Trees Project. He has worked with the Swiss Development Cooperation Agency and international NGOs on integrated conservation and development projects. He holds a DPhil in forestry from the University of Oxford, UK (1990), a MSc in Natural Resources Management from CATIE/University of Costa Rica (1986), and graduated in forest engineering from the University of São Paulo, Brazil (1980).



Dr. Richard Lesiyampe Ex-officio member

Dr. Richard Lesiyampe is the Principal Secretary, State Department of Agriculture, Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Fisheries. Before joining the Ministry, he was the Chief Executive Officer of Kenyatta National Hospital, where he provided transformational leadership in the management of hospital resources and creating an enabling environment for employees to unleash their potential in the provision of effective, efficient and sustainable quality service delivery to clients in tandem with expectations of Vision 2013 and beyond. Dr. Lesiyampe holds a MBA degree from the University of Nairobi with a bias in Strategic Human Resource Management. He also holds a Doctoral Degree from the Kenya Methodist University.



Larson-Luhila
Senior Governance Advisor
and Secretary to the Board of

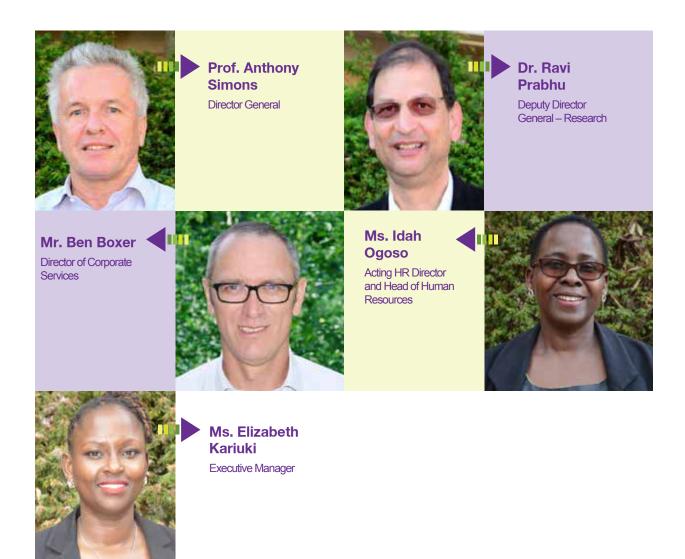
Ms. Christine

Trustees

Ms. Christine Larson-Luhila joined World Agroforestry Centre in May 2014 as Director of HR where her role was to develop and manage a global strategy for human resource acquisition and development, and develop, review and implement policies that balance staff aspirations and the strategic needs of the organization. Ms. Larson-Luhila assumed the role of Secretary to the Board of Trustees in November 2015 and in 2017 transitioned to Senior Governance Advisor. Her role is responsible to manage and coordinate the Board affairs and advise the Director General and Senior Leadership on governance matters. She sits on the Steering Committee of the African Women in Agricultural Research and Development (AWARD). She is a Certified Public Accountant licensed by the California Board of Accountancy and a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. She has over 20 years of experience working in the non-profit sector.

SENIOR LEADERSHIP TEAM

-



Prof. Anthony Simons

Director General

Prof. Anthony Simons holds a PhD in Botany from Cambridge University, United Kingdom. He has worked with the World Agroforestry Centre since 1995 in different roles. He was appointed Director General in 2011. Prof. Simons is a Board member of Plant Resources of Tropical Africa (PROTA) and the African Centre for Technology Studies (ACTS), and a member of the Panel of Experts of Forest Genetic Resources.

Dr. Ravi Prabhu

Deputy Director General - Research

Dr. Ravi Prabhu joined the World Agroforestry Centre in January 2012. He earned his professional degree and doctorate in Forestry from the University of Goettingen, Germany. He has engaged in multi-disciplinary research and action in forested landscapes for almost 20 years. He was previously a Senior Programme Officer, Forests and Climate Change with UNEP in Nairobi. Dr. Prabhu has served on numerous international initiatives and committees, including the Millennium Ecosystem Assessment where he served on the review and editorial team, and the UN Millennium Projects Taskforce 6 on Environmental Sustainability. He received the Queen's Award for Forestry at Buckingham Palace in 2005.

Mr. Ben Boxer

Director of Corporate Services

Mr. Ben Boxer joined the World Agroforestry Centre in October 2016. He works closely with the Director General, the Senior Leadership Team and Board of Trustees, providing financial advice and overseeing macro-financial planning and analysis and financial and budgetary controls. Corporate Services, as an enabling function also covers the operational management of the Nairobi campus and other regional and country offices, staff safety and security, information technology, management information systems and contract/grant management. Ben holds a degree in commerce from the University of Adelaide and is a Certified Practising Accountant (Australia) with 20 years of work experience in commerce and in the not-for-profit sector. Ben has worked in Australia, the United Kingdom, Southeast Asia and East Africa.

Ms. Idah Ogoso

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Acting HR Director and Head of Human Resources

Ms. Idah Ogoso joined the World Agroforestry Centre in 2009. She manages the human resources function in headquarters and all country offices located in Africa. Asia and Latin America, including but not limited to; recruitment, policy implementation ensuring support to the research agenda, administration of compensation and benefits, talent management, learning and career development. Idah provides guidance to senior leadership and line managers in relation to human resources best practices and the Centre's overall strategy in support of its core values. She has more than 18 years' experience in Human Resources. Idah is a Certified Human Resources Manager (CHRM) and has an MBA from Makerere University, Kampala. She is a member of the Human Resources Association of Uganda, and a member of the Society for Human Resources Management (SHRM).

Ms. Elizabeth Kariuki

Executive Manager

Ms. Elizabeth Kariuki joined ICRAF in 2004 as a Programme Administrative Officer and rose to head the Contracts and Grants Office and eventually taking up her current role as Executive Manager. She oversees policy development, risk management and special projects within the Director General's office. Her 21 years' experience spans the areas of contracts and grant management, intellectual property management, policy development, risk management, management of information systems and inter-governmental trade relations. Elizabeth holds a Masters Degree in International Business Administration (Strategic Management) and a Bachelor of Science in International Business Administration (Information Systems), both from the United States International University.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The World Agroforestry Centre (ICRAF) subscribes to the ideals of excellence, transparency and social responsibility. These are the primary characteristics of good governance in line with the Centre's vision and mission to reduce rural poverty, increase food security, improve health and nutrition and ensure more sustainable management of natural resources through research and innovation.

As a global organization, ICRAF has a system of corporate governance that is tailored to ensure commitment and high professional standards from the Board of Trustees and the Senior Leadership Team, to whom the running of the Centre has been entrusted for efficient, effective and successful achievement of its primary objectives.

The Board of Trustees and Senior Leadership Team are therefore committed to ensuring that these principles continue to be an integral part of the way in which the Centre's activities are conducted.

Board organization and structure

The World Agroforestry Centre's Charter provides for the Board of Trustees (the "Board") as the governing body. The Board's fundamental responsibility is to ensure that the Centre has the required resources to achieve its mission

and vision with the highest level of honesty, integrity and ethical standards. The current Board constitutes a diverse pool of skills in the areas of agroforestry science, environmental management, business management and economics, amongst other areas.

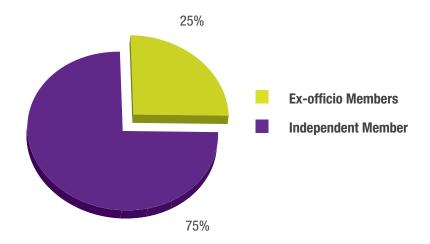
The Board comprises up to 12 members, 9 who are elected and 3 ex-officio members who include a representative from the Government of Kenya, the Chair of the Board of the Center for International Forestry Research (CIFOR) and the World Agroforestry Centre's Director General.

The role of the Board

The Board's primary mandate is providing governance oversight in ensuring the Centre functions to the highest standard to execute its mission. In order to do this effectively, the Board has delegated the day-to-day management of the Centre to the Director General who is assisted by the Senior Leadership Team.

It is also up to the sitting Board to identify and elect new Board members and orient them on the operations of the World Agroforestry Centre, among other critical functions.

Composition of the Board of Trustess



Activities of the Board

The Board meets twice a year, in April and November. It is the responsibility of the Board Secretary to organize the meetings, ensure proper documentation of the Board business and support the Board Chair and other members. The Board also works closely with specially formulated Board committees which ensure efficient and effective implementation of Board business.

Each committee has formal written terms of reference that are approved and periodically reviewed by the Board. All committee members are Trustees, and the Centre's Director General is an ex-officio member of some of the committees. Director-level staff serve as the resource persons for the committee to which their responsibility most closely relates.

The functions and composition of the Board Committees

Board of Trustees	Summary of key terms of reference
Chair	Ensuring that the Centre's research programme is subject to critical review
Ms. Marie Claire O Connor	and evaluation and assist the CGIAR in participating in or complementing these reviews;
Members	Appointing the Director General who serves as the chief executive officer
Dr. Héctor Cisneros	for the Centre and conducting their annual performance assessment;
Prof. Lisa Sennerby Forsse	Conduct the performance evaluation of the Director General;
Ms. Bushra Naz Malik	Approving the Centre's strategy, plans, and the annual programme of work
Mr. Alexander Müller	and budget;
Prof. Augustin Brice Sinsin	 Monitoring the Centre's progress towards achieving its objectives;
Mr. Vijai Sharma	Ensuring financial integrity and accountability;
Prof. Anthony Simons	 Providing oversight of investments and disposal of major assets;
Dr. José Campos	Approving personnel policies and all other policies;
Dr. Richard Lesiyampe	 Monitoring the legal implications of the Centre's activities;
Di. Filoriai a Looiyampo	Appointing the external auditors; and
	 Monitoring the performance of the Board as a whole and that of its individual members.

Executive Committee	Summary of key terms of reference		
Chair	 Receive annual reports from the Director General with respect to executive priorities; 		
Ms. Marie Claire O Connor			
	 Review the full Board agenda prior to Board meetings; 		
Members	Between Board meetings, receive updated reports from the Board		
Dr. Héctor Cisneros	Committees when necessary;		
Prof. Lisa Sennerby Forsse	 Periodically review and recommend good governance practices to the Board; 		
Ms. Bushra Naz Malik	Act on behalf of the Board, when necessary, deal with emergency issues,		
Mr. Alexander Müller	as determined by the Chair and/or the Director General; and		
Prof. Anthony Simons	 Deal with duties or matters delegated to it by the Board in the intervals between meetings of the Board. 		

Nominations and Governance Committee	Summary of key terms of reference
Chair	The Nominations and Governance (NGC) Committee is responsible for
Prof. Lisa Sennerby Forsse	providing the Board with advice on Board composition and recommendations on new independent members, reappointments and succession planning with the goal to achieve and maintain an appropriate membership mix including:
Members	Nominates the Chair, Vice Chair, Committee Chairs and Committee
Ms. Marie Claire O Connor	membership;
Dr. Héctor Cisneros	 Monitors and evaluates overall Board performance; and
Prof. Anthony Simons	Monitors and evaluates the performance of individual Board Members.
Mr. Alexander Müller	
Prof. Kathleen Merrigan	
Operations Committee	Summary of key terms of reference
Chair	The Operations Committee (OC) advises the Board on the efficiency and
Mr. Alexander Müller	effectiveness of the Centre's corporate service functions. This includes matters
Members	related to human resources, protocol, travel and transport, information and communications technology, facilities and building expansion, safety and
All members	security in Kenya and in the regions.
Finance and Resource Mobilization Committee	Summary of key terms of reference
Acting Chair Ms. Marie Claire O Connor	The Finance and Resource Mobilization Committee (FRMC) assists the Board in its oversight responsibilities relating to fiscal management including:
Members	Reviews and recommends approval of an annual operating budget;
All members	Regularly reviews financial results;
7 III THE HIDE IS	Oversees the management of financial assets;
	Reviews resource mobilization strategy and policies; and
	Reviews the funding pipeline and status of grants managed by the Centre.
Programme Committee	Summary of key terms of reference
Chair	The Programme Committee (PC) advises the Board on all matters relating to the
Dr. Héctor Cisneros	Centre's strategy, research, programmes and partnerships including:
Members All members	 Monitors programme performance and impact, ensures that the Centre's internal review function is systematically carried out and makes recommendations for approval by the Board, taking into account their implications on the budget of the Centre; and
	 Oversees the CGIAR Consortium Research Programmes (CRPs) that ICRAF is involved in and provides advice to the Board on the linkages between ICRAF's programme and the CRPs.

Audit and Risk Management Committee	Summary of key terms of reference
Chair	The Audit and Risk Management Committee (ARMC) advises the Board on all matters
Ms. Bushra Naz Malik	relating to accountability and oversight with respect to financial and risk management practice including:
Members	The integrity of financial statements, the Centre's financial and management
Prof. Augustin Brice Sinsin	control systems, the internal and external audit function, the risk management
Mr. Vijai Sharma	policy and process, governance structure, management action plans, fraud, values and ethics and financial statements:
Dr. José Campos	Makes recommendations to the Board on the acceptance of the external audit
Dr. Richard Lesiyampe	report or otherwise and suggests courses of remedial action, if any, to be implemented as a follow-up on the audit findings;
	 Has the authority to commission investigations into any matters within its scope of responsibility and empowerment to seek any information it requires from Centre management, staff or external parties;
	Retains independent counsel, accountants or other outside advisors to advise the ARMC or assist in conducting investigations; and
	Recommend approval of the annual audited financial statements by the Board.

Board and Committee meetings

The following table indicates committee membership of the Board members and meeting attendance for the year 2017. Where Trustees are not able to attend particular meetings,

comments and issues arising from specific topics of discussion are usually relayed in advance to the Chairman of the Committee, with relevant papers or information for consideration.

	Board including Executive	Nominations and Governance	Finance and Resource Mobilization	Audit and Risk Management	Operations	Programme
Number of meetings held	2	2	2	2	2	2
Attendance						
Chair						
Marie Claire O Connor	2	1	2	2	2	2
Elected Committee Members						
John Lynam	2	2	2	-	2	2
Lisa Sennerby Forsse	2	2	2	-	2	2
Héctor Cisneros	2	2	2	-	2	2
Bushra Naz Malik	2		2	2	2	2
Alexander Müller	2	2	2		2	2
Augustin Brice Sinsin	2	-	2	2	2	2
Vijai Sharma	2	-	2	2	2	2
Ex-officio Members						
Anthony Simons	2	2	2		2	2
José Campos	2		2	2	2	2
Richard Lesiyampe	-	-	-	-	-	-



CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The World Agroforestry Centre (ICRAF) regards Corporate Social Responsibility as a fundamental aspect of its activities. The Centre aims to provide a safe and healthy workplace as well as making a positive contribution to the environment and the communities within which it operates. ICRAF has continuously supported various initiatives in the areas of education and environment, as well as other emerging needs.

REACHING OUT TO THE COMMUNITY

Ramadhan Celebrations in **Bogor**

The ICRAF team from Bogor in Indonesia treated orphans and elderly widows who reside close to the office to a sumptuous breakfast and entertainment during Ramadhan. The staff also donated gifts and money.



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ICRAF staff in Bogor, Indonesia with community members during Ramadhan

ICRAF Blood Drive

At headquarters, ICRAF staff participated in a blood donation drive on 22-23 February conducted by Blood Link Foundation and the Kenya National Blood Transfusion

Services. Blood Link Foundation mobilizes blood donors to ensure sufficient safe blood for needy Kenyans. A total of 88 volunteers donated 79 pints of blood.



Ake Mamo, Communications Specialist, donates blood



Bruce Scott, Senior Advisor, Africa Soil Information Service, donates blood

EVENTS

International Women's Day

ICRAF and AWARD came together to host a series of events to mark International Women's Day at its headquarters in Nairobi. A hundred girls from high schools in Nairobi and its environs and 100 staff from ICRAF and hosted institutions attended the viewing of the movie, *Hidden Figures*. Later that day, the group got together for panel discussions featuring women scientists from different

backgrounds who shared their dreams and visions, the work they are currently involved in, the roles that other women have played in their lives, and the opportunities and challenges the changing world of work presents for women in Africa. The following day ICRAF staff planted over 3000 indigenous tree seedlings in neighbouring Karura Forest, the largest forest reserve in a city anywhere in the world.



Students from Precious Blood and Mary Hill Girls High School visited ICRAF's seed lab

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ICRAF staff planted tree seedlings in Karura Forest to mark International Women's Day

Ndakaini Marathon

Fifty-five staff from ICRAF headquarters participated in the 14th edition of the Ndakaini Half Marathon, whose objective is to conserve the Ndakaini Dam which supplies 85% of households in Nairobi with water.



ICRAF staff at the Ndakaini Marathon 2017

Lab visits

In 2017, more than 150 primary, high school and university students from Kenya and beyond visited ICRAF's soil, seed and dendrochronology laboratories at headquarters to

learn about how agroforestry research is conducted. This is particularly important for developing countries potential to groom sciences and technology professionals.



Students of Maseno University, Kenya, visited ICRAF's seed lab



Stepha McMullin takes students of McGill University through the Tree Laboratory

Board Chair's Statement



In the context of the world's rapidly expanding population, increasing global warming, and the ongoing depletion of natural resources, the World Agroforestry Centre's (ICRAF) vision of achieving an equitable world where all people have viable livelihoods supported by healthy and productive landscapes has never been more relevant. To eradicate hunger, reduce poverty, provide affordable and clean energy, protect life on land, and combat climate change, ICRAF must continue to fulfil its role of contributing to the development of innovative solutions that deliver maximum impact. In the ever-changing context in which it operates, it is vital the ICRAF continues to evolve and develop, to re-define the manner in which it works with partners, counterparts, donors and communities.

In the past, the predominant partnership model in ICRAF was mainly of a contractor, with ICRAF sourcing funds and sub-contracting partners to implement the work. However, this is slowly changing with the availability of more funds for ICRAF to play the role of service provider to other initiatives. Increasingly, ICRAF is participating in and contributing to broader global and regional dialogues, with the organization serving as a centre of excellence to which government entities, development actors, research and academic institutions come to for advice and for the provision of key knowledge products and knowledge services. To play this role, ICRAF works in partnership with players in multiple settings, providing knowledge products and services from its existing portfolio of published research and suite of surveillance tools.

Over the next ten years, ICRAF will continue to offer valuable and timely knowledge products and services to the global community to enable it to adress the challenges related to managing and mitigating climate change and achieving sustainable development through the application of agroforestry. To achieve this, ICRAF will strive to develop systems that combine more productive trees with more resilient and profitable agricultural systems, based on a sounder understanding of the health of the soil, land and people. These include the challenges of dealing with climate change; low soil carbon, widespread forest, tree and soil loss leading to degradation, poverty, demographic upheavals and conflict; and securing equitable futures for all, with a special focus on women and children.

In 2017, a number of global developments affected ICRAF's potential sources of funding, with a corresponding impact on its strategies for engagement with partners. Amongst other developments, changes in Central Banks' interest rate policies have resulted in greater volatility and increased uncertainty in investment markets, affecting bond yields and government borrowing strategies. Increasingly, governments are reviewing and revising overseas assistance commitments, with a greater focus on Aid for Trade. The policy change places greater emphasis on private sector involvement, which requires IGOs such as ICRAF to develop new financing mechanisms and new ways of working directly with private corporations. The influence of the Global Value Chain paradigm on trade policy has generated new models and policy responses with particular relevance in agrifood value chains. While these changes have required ICRAF to adapt to the new context, they also create opportunities for the organization to engage with the private sector, with MNC food companies seeking to increase the security of supply of raw materials. In 2017, ICRAF's funding from CGIAR fell by around 50%. At the same time, the Centre made significant progress in securing large bilateral grants, with the addition of seven grants to a total value of US\$52 million to the grant portfolio in 2017.

Financial Performance

In 2017, ICRAF closed the year with a deficit, largely covered by drawing on reserves under the designated strategic investment fund approved by the Board in 2016. ICRAF's total expenditure for 2017 decreased by 12.3% to US\$56.48 million, down from US\$64.43 million in 2016. This contraction is mainly due to the reduction in donor contributions to Windows 1 and 2. ICRAF's liquidity and reserve levels remained above the CGIAR recommended benchmarks with ICRAF's short-term solvency (liquidity) indicator, which measures the number of days of working capital to fund expenditure excluding depreciation, standing at 165 days as at 31 December 2017 (2016 - 152 days) against the CGIAR benchmark of 90-120 days. The long-term financial stability (adequacy of reserves) indicator, which measures the number of days of unrestricted net assets, stood at 126 days, as at 31

December 2017 (2016 - 111 days) with the recommended minimum benchmark of 90 days. The indirect cost ratio for the Centre was 16.2% for 2017.

During the year, ICRAF implemented a cost structure review involving four streams: salary and benefits; indirect costs; culture and cost consciousness; and organizational structure. Based on this review, a number of recommendations have been formulated, with a phased implementation in 2018, and regular assessments of financial viability. It is anticipated that ICRAF will experience income growth in 2018 as it is an adaptive

and innovative organization. Through its development of innovative solutions, it is playing a vital role in transforming the paradigm for the management and conservation of the earth and its resources. By delivering maximum impacts from the resources under management, ICRAF strives to fulfil its responsibilities to its donors and partners, to facilitate the achievement of the aspirations of the communities with which it works, and to ensure the conservation and restoration of the world's forests and natural resources. Agroforestry plays a vital role in ensuring the achievement of these goals, and ICRAF plays a vital role in promoting, supporting and spreading agroforestry.

M Claire O Connor Chair, Board of Trustees 08 June 2018

Board Statement on Risk Management

The World Agroforestry Centre (ICRAF) Board of Trustees and management regularly review, as part of their strategy setting, the context within which ICRAF operates, and maintain a broad understanding of the risks and opportunities in the internal and external environment. In order to do this comprehensively, a range of risk areas which include corporate governance, research, finance, people, operations, information and communication technology, resource mobilisation, communications and partnerships, are considered.

The ICRAF risk management framework draws on global best practices, specifically the following:

- The 2009 standard of the International Organization for Standardization titled 'ISO 31000 - Risk Management: Principles and Guidelines'
- The Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO), 6 September 2017 revised risk management framework titled 'ERM Framework: Enterprise Risk Management–Integrating with Strategy and Performance'
- 3. CGIAR Risk Management Framework

The Board of Trustees have the overall responsibility for ensuring an appropriate risk management framework and internal control systems are in place to manage the Centre's risk appetite within the acceptable levels set by both the Board of Trustees and management. The Audit and Risk Management Committee of the Board of Trustees has the primary responsibility for risk management and internal control oversight.

The day-to-day responsibility for implementation of the risk management framework and the internal control systems rests with the management. This includes the process

of identifying, evaluating, monitoring and reporting of risks and the effectiveness of internal control systems. Management achieves this through the Risk Management Committee (RMC) which is responsible for the centre-wide implementation of a risk management framework, creating an environment whereby risks are appropriately identified, assessed, and acted upon in accordance with ICRAF's policies.

The RMC encourages a risk aware culture and the integration into business processes of identification, analysis and monitoring of key risks and opportunities at the process/ unit and Centre level. Staff are responsible for ensuring that risks are considered for all business processes under their responsibility and for identifying appropriate risk mitigation strategies after due consideration of costs and benefits.

The Internal Audit Unit reviews the design and effectiveness of the risk management framework and internal controls on an ongoing basis and reports the results of its reviews to the Director General and Board of Trustees, through the Audit and Risk Management Committee.

During the year 2017 the Board of Trustees approved ICRAF's inaugural Risk Appetite Statement. In order to successfully implement the ICRAF strategy, all decisions and actions taken are aligned with the Centre's risk appetite which uses a four scale typology of Open, Flexible, Cautious and Averse.

The Board of Trustees of World Agroforestry Centre (ICRAF) has reviewed the risk management framework and internal control systems in operation during the year and is satisfied that they are operating adequately and efficiently.

M Claire O Connor Chair, Board of Trustees 08 June 2018

Statement of Management's Responsibilities

It is the responsibility of the Centre Management to prepare financial statements for each financial year that give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Centre as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for that year. It also requires the Centre Management to ensure that the Centre maintains proper accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the transactions of the Centre Management and disclose, with reasonable accuracy, the financial position of the Centre. The Centre Management is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Centre, and for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and error.

The Centre Management accept responsibility for the preparation and presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards. They also accept responsibility for:

 designing, implementing and maintaining such internal control as they determine necessary to enable the presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error;

- selecting suitable accounting policies and applying them consistently; and
- making accounting estimates and judgements that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Having made an assessment of the Centre's ability to continue as a going concern, the Centre Management is not aware of any material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast doubt upon the Centre's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Centre Management acknowledge that the independent audit of the financial statements does not relieve them of their responsibilities.

Approved by the Centre Management on 08 June 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

Anthony Simons Director General

Anthony Schrous

08 June 2018

Ben Boxer

Director of Corporate Services

08 June 2018



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE WORLD AGROFORESTRY CENTRE (ICRAF)

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the World Agroforestry Centre, set out on pages 25 to 46, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2017, and the statement of financial activity and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in net assets and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Centre as at 31 December 2017 and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Centre in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Kenya. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other matter

The financial statements of World Agroforestry Centre for the year ended 31 December 2016 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on 22 June 2017.

Other information

The Board of Trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Board of Trustees is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs, and for such internal controls as Board of Trustees determine are necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Trustees is responsible for assessing the Centre's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Trustees either intends to liquidate the Centre or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so. Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Centre's financial reporting process.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Centre's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Trustees.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board of Trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Centre's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Centre to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entity or business activities within the Centre to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Centre audit. We remain responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

The engagement partner responsible for the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is *CPA Bernadette Wahogo – P/No 1698.*

Deloite & Touche

Certified Public Accountants (Kenya) Nairobi, Kenya 18 June 2018

Partners: D. M. Mbogho A.N. Muraya F. Aloo J. Nyang'aya B. W. Irungu I. Karim R. Mwaura F. Okwiri F.O. Omondi F. Muchena

Financial Statements

Statement of Financial Position

	Notes	31-Dec-17	31-Dec-16
		USD'000	USD'000
Property, plant and equipment	5	5,675	6,502
Intangible assets	6	663	755
Total non-current assets		6,338	7,257
Current assets			
Held for trading financial assets	7(a)	15,651	15,800
Term deposits	7(b)	205	205
Inventories	8	289	41
Receivables and other current assets	9	23,483	28,371
Cash and cash equivalents	10	17,377	14,682
Total current assets		57,005	59,099
Total assets		63,343	66,356
Net assets	11	24,198	25,484
Total net assets		24,198	25,484
Retirement benefit obligation	12	6,382	5,693
Total non-current liabilities		6,382	5,693
Accounts payable	13	32,763	35,179
Total current liabilities		32,763	35,179
Total liabilities		39,145	40,872
Total net assets and liabilities		63,343	66,356

Anthony Simons
Director General
08 June 2018

Shithony Sinous

Ben Boxer
Director of Corporate Services
08 June 2018

Statement of Financial Activity and Other Comprehensive Income

	Notes	31-Dec-17	31-Dec-16
		USD'000	USD'000
Grant revenue	14, 21	52,731	60,311
Other income	15, 21	2,266	2,725
Total operating income		54,997	63,036
Research and collaborator expenses	17, 21	(48,789)	(56,172)
General and Administration Expenses	17, 21	(7,692)	(8,262)
Total expenses		(56,481)	(64,434)
Operating loss		(1,484)	(1,398)
Financial income	16, 21	368	373
Financial expense	16, 21	(178)	(603)
Surplus/(deficit) for the year		(1,294)	(1,628)
Other comprehensive income for the year			
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to surplus of defici	it		
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation – remeasurement gain	12	8	167
Total comprehensive (deficit) for the year		(1,286)	(1,461)

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

	Notes	Net assets
		USD'000
Balance at 1 January 2016	11	26,945
Deficit for the year		(1,628)
Other comprehensive income for the year		167
Balance at 31 December 2016	11	25,484
Balance at 1 January 2017	11	25,484
Deficit for the year		(1,294)
Other comprehensive income for the year		8
Balance at 31 December 2017	11	24,198

Statement of Cash Flows

	Note	2017	2016
	11010	USD'000	USD'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Deficit for the year		(1,286)	(1,461)
Adjustments for:			
- Depreciation	5	1,196	1,413
- Amortisation	6	92	92
- Movement in retirement benefit obligation	12	689	(167)
- Gain on disposal of property and equipment	15	(99)	(43)
Changes in working capital:			
- Inventories		(248)	10
- Receivables and other current assets		4,888	1,787
- Accounts payable		(2,416)	(9,436)
Net cash generated from/ (used in) operating activities		2,816	(7,805)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchases of property and equipment	5	(369)	(829)
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment		99	48
Proceeds from redemption of financial assets		3,843	4,137
Purchase of financial assets		(3,694)	(5,307)
Net cash used in investing activities		(121)	(1,951)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		2,695	(9,756)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		14,682	24,438
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	10	17,377	14,682

Notes to the financial statements

1. General information

The World Agroforestry Centre (the "Centre") is an autonomous, not-for-profit research and development institution supported by over 50 different governments, private foundations, regional development banks and the World Bank. The Centre is part of the alliance of the Consultative Group on International Agricultural Research (CGIAR) centres.

The Centre was founded in 1978 as the International Centre for Research in Agroforestry (ICRAF) to promote the exchange of information about agroforestry research in the tropics. With its headquarters in Nairobi, Kenya, the Centre operates in 20 countries in Africa, 11 in Asia, 3 in South America, 1 in Europe and in the United States. In 1992, the Centre joined the CGIAR group and since then has transformed itself into a world-class international agricultural research institution. In 2002, the organization acquired the brand name, the World Agroforestry Centre. However, the International Centre for Research in Agroforestry (ICRAF) remains its legal name.

The address of its registered office is:

United Nations Avenue P.O Box 30677 00100 Nairobi

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

i. Relevant new standards and amendments to published standards effective for the year ended 31 December 2017

The following new and revised IFRSs were effective in the current year and had no material impact on the amounts reported in these financial statements.

IAS 7 Disclosure Initiative

The Centre has not applied these amendments for the first time in the current year. The amendments require an entity to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes.

The application of these amendments did not have an impact on the Centre's financial statements.

Annual Improvements to 2010 - 2012

The annual improvements to IFRSs 2012-2014 cycle include a number of amendments to various IFRSs, which are summarised below:

The amendments to IFRS 5 add specific guidance in IFRS 5 for cases in which an entity reclassifies an asset from held for sale to held for distribution or vice versa and cases in which held-for-distribution accounting is discontinued.

The amendments to IFRS 7 add additional guidance to clarify whether a servicing contract is continuing involvement in a transferred asset for the purpose of determining the disclosures required. It clarifies the applicability of the amendments to IFRS 7 on offsetting disclosures to condensed interim financial statements.

The amendments to IAS 19 clarify that the high quality corporate bonds used in estimating the discount rate for post-employment benefits should be denominated in the same currency as the benefits to be paid (thus, the depth of the market for high quality corporate bonds should be assessed at currency level).

The amendment to IAS 34 clarifies the meaning of 'elsewhere in the interim report' and requires a crossreference.

The application of these amendments did not have an impact on the Centre's financial statements.

IAS 12 Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses

The amendments clarify how an entity should evaluate whether there will be sufficient future taxable profits against which it can utilise a deductible temporary difference.

The application of these amendments has had no impact on the Centre's financial statements as the Centre is tax exempt.

ii. New and amended standards and interpretations in issue but not yet effective in the year ended 31 December 2017

New and Amendments to standards	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
IFRS 9 Financial Instruments	1 January 2018
IFRS 15 Revenue from contracts with customers	1 January 2018
IFRS 16 Leases	1 January 2019
IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts	1 January 2021
Amendments to IFRS 2 Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions	1 January 2018
IFRIC 22 Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration	1 January 2019
IFRIC 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments	
Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2015-2017 Cycle	1 January 2019

 Relevant new and revised IFRSs in issue but not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2017 (Continued)

IFRS 9, Financial Instruments

IFRS 9 issued in November 2009 introduced new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. IFRS 9 was subsequently amended in October 2010 to include requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and for derecognition, and in November 2013 to include the new requirements for general hedge accounting. Another revised version of IFRS 9 was issued in July 2014 mainly to include a) impairment requirements for financial assets and b) limited amendments to the classification and measurement requirements by introducing a 'fair value through other comprehensive income' (FVTOCI) measurement category for certain simple debt instruments.

Key requirements of IFRS 9:

- All recognised financial assets that are within the scope of IFRS 9 are required to be subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms that give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, are generally measured at FVTOCI. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair value at the end of subsequent accounting periods. In addition, under IFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.
- with regard to the measurement of financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss, IFRS 9 requires that the amount of change in the fair value of a financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of such changes in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value attributable to a financial liability's credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Under IAS 39, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as fair value through profit or loss is presented in profit or loss.

iii. Relevant new and revised IFRSs in issue but not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2017 (Continued)

IFRS 9, Financial Instruments

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in relation to the impairment of financial assets, IFRS
9 requires an expected credit loss model, as opposed
to an incurred credit loss model under IAS 39. The
expected credit loss model requires an entity to
account for expected credit losses and changes in
those expected credit losses at each reporting date to
reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.
In other words, it is no longer necessary for a credit
event to have occurred before credit losses are
recognised.

Based on an analysis of the Centre's financial assets and financial liabilities as at 31 December 2017 on the basis of the facts and circumstances that exist at that date, the Centre has assessed the impact of IFRS 9 to the Centre's financial statements to not be significant.

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

In May 2014, IFRS 15 was issued which establishes a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. IFRS 15 will supersede the current revenue recognition guidance including IAS 18 Revenue, IAS 11 Construction Contracts and the related Interpretations when it becomes effective.

The core principle of IFRS 15 is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Specifically, the Standard introduces a 5-step approach to revenue recognition:

Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer

Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract

Step 3: Determine the transaction price

Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract

Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation

Under IFRS 15, an entity recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when 'control' of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer. Far more prescriptive guidance has been added in IFRS 15 to deal with specific scenarios. Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by IFRS 15.

The impact of the application of this standard is not expected to have a significant impact on the financial statements of the Centre because most of its income is donor funded and income is only recognised when the conditions of the funding have been met.

IFRS 16 Leases

IFRS 16 specifies how an IFRS reporter will recognise, measure, present and disclose leases. The standard provides a single lessee accounting model, requiring lessees to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases unless the lease term is 12 months or less or the underlying asset has a low value. Lessors continue to classify leases as operating or finance, with IFRS 16's approach to lessor accounting substantially unchanged from its predecessor, IAS 17.

The Centre does not anticipate that the application of IFRS 16 in the future will have a significant impact on amounts reported in respect of the Centre's financial statements. However, it is not practical to provide a reasonable estimate of the effect of IFRS 16 until a detailed review has been completed.

iv. Early adoption of standards

The Centre did not early-adopt any new or amended standards in 2017.

a) Basis of preparation

The measurement basis applied is the historical cost basis, except for assets held for trading – measured at fair value less cost of disposal.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of estimates and assumptions. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Centre's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in Note 3.

The financial statements are presented in US dollars, rounded to the nearest thousand (USD'000).

b) Functional currency and translation of foreign currencies

i. Functional and presentation currency

ICRAF's financial statements are presented in US dollars, which is also the Centre's functional currency. Those assets and liabilities (excluding supplies, spare parts, property, and equipment) denominated in other currencies are converted at the exchange rate in effect at the end of each financial period. Grants received in currencies other than US dollars are recorded at market exchange rates in effect at the time the grant is received or, if outstanding as of December 31, at the market exchange rate in effect at the year-end.

ii. Transactions and balances

Income and expenses in currencies other than US dollars, as well as those related to properties, spare parts and equipment, are initially recorded at the official exchange rate on the dates of the transactions. Net gain/loss arising from exchange rate fluctuations are excluded from the operational expenses but reported under financial expenses in the statement of financial activity and other comprehensive income.

c) Revenue recognition

The Centre recognizes revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Centre and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Centre's activities as described below.

Revenue is recognized as follows:

Grants are recognized as revenues only when the conditions have been substantially met or the donor has explicitly waived the conditions.

Unrestricted grant revenue

Unrestricted grants (including Government grants) are those received from unconditional transfers of cash or other assets to the Centre. Unrestricted grants in currencies other than US dollars are recorded at exchange rates in effect at the time of receipt or, if outstanding as of December 31, at the exchange rate in effect at the year's end.

Restricted grant revenue

Restricted grants are those received from a transfer of resources to the Centre in return for past or future compliance to the operating activities of the Centre. Restricted grants in currencies other than US dollars, with specific request to be paid in that currency as partner funds, are recorded as income and expenses at the exchange rate in effect at the time of payment.

i. Donations in kind

Donations in kind are recognized at the fair value of the goods or services received or in the absence of this, at the amount attributed to them by the donor.

ii. Other income

Interests, losses, and gains relating to financial instruments are reported in the statement of financial activity as expense or revenue. Interests are recorded using the effective interest rate method which discounts accurately future flows of payments and cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument, or a shorter duration, as applicable, with respect to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

d) Property and equipment

Property and equipment with an estimated useful life beyond one year and having costs in excess of USD 1,500 or its equivalent are capitalized. The assets are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Centre and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of financial activity and other comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Land is not depreciated. Depreciation on other assets is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost or revalued amounts to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Buildings and laboratory benches	33 years
Prefabricated structures	16 years
Motor vehicles	4 years
Computers and peripherals	4 years
Laboratory and scientific equipment	5 years
Office and other equipment	8 years
Furniture and fittings	8 years

Leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives unless it is reasonably certain that the Centre will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term.

Property and equipment are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Assets that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are included in the statement of financial activity and other comprehensive income.

Property and equipment acquired from designated (restricted) funds

Property and equipment acquired from restricted funds are expensed in accordance with the grant agreement.

Property and equipment previously owned by a restricted project is recognized in the Centre's books at fair or appraised values upon termination of the project if it is expressly provided in the grant agreement that ownership of the item will be transferred to the Centre.

e) Intangible assets

This relates to computer software.

Intangible assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Acquisition costs and costs attributable to bringing the software into use are capitalized. These costs are amortised on a straight line basis over the life of the software, which is currently 10 years.

f) Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the

lessor) are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

g) Inventories

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Inventories are assets held in the form of materials or supplies to be consumed in the Centre's operations or in the rendering of services.

Inventories are initially valued at cost. The cost of inventories applied to operations is based on the weighted average cost principle and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories, and other costs incurred in bringing them to their existing location and condition.

Inventories are written down to net realizable value on an item-by-item basis. The allowance for inventory obsolescence is deducted from the related asset. The amount of write-down of inventories to net realizable value and all losses of inventories is recognized as an expense in the period the write down or loss occurs.

Inventories held at the end of the financial period are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value.

h) Financial assets

i. Classification and measurement

The Centre classifies its financial assets into held for trading financial assets and loans and receivables category. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of financial assets at initial recognition.

Held-for-trading

Financial assets that are bought and held principally in a portfolio for the purpose of selling them in the short term are classified as trading at acquisition date. Trading generally reflects active and frequent buying and selling and financial instruments held-for-trading are used with the objective of generating profit from short term fluctuations in price.

A financial asset is held-for-trading if it is:

- Acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the short term;
- On initial recognition, part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short term profit taking; or
- A derivative (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument).

Held-for-trading financial assets are measured at fair value and

Changes in fair values are included in the statement of profit or loss.

Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

ii. Impairment

The Centre assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired. A financial asset is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset that can be reliably estimated.

For amounts due from donors, evidence of impairment may include indications that the donors are experiencing significant financial difficulty, the grant period to which the funds relate has expired and conditions attached to the grant have not been met.

The amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognized in profit or loss.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the reversal of the previously recognised impairment loss is recognized in the statement of financial activity.

iv. Accounts receivable

Receivables are measured at the original invoice amount because the effect of discounting is immaterial.

Receivables are generally defined as claims held against others for the future receipt of money, goods or services. Receivables include claims from donors, advances to employees, advances to other CGIAR Centres and claims against third parties for services rendered.

Accounts receivable from donors consist of claims from donors for grants pledged in accordance with the terms specified by the donor. It also pertains to claims from donors for expenses paid on behalf of projects in excess of cash received.

Recognition

- Unrestricted grants: receivables from unrestricted grants should be recognized in full in the period specified by the donor. Before an unrestricted grant can be recognized as revenue, sufficient verifiable evidence should exist documenting that a commitment was made by the donor and received by the Centre.
- Restricted grants: receivables from restricted grants is recognized in accordance with the terms of the underlying contract.

- Receivables from employees are recognized as they arise and cancelled when payment is received.
- Advances to other CGIAR Centres are recognized when the cash or other assets borrowed are delivered or when payment is made for a liability of another Centre.
- Other receivables are recognized upon the occurrence of event or transaction which gives the Centre a legal claim against others.

Measurement

- Receivables are measured at the original invoice amount because the effect of discounting is immaterial.
- Accounts receivables are valued at their net recoverable amounts, calculated as the gross amount of receivable minus any allowances provided for doubtful accounts.
- Any receivable that has been assessed to be unrecoverable is written off.

j) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand, petty cash funds, currencies to be deposited, and local or foreign currency deposits in banks, which can be added to or withdrawn without limitation and are immediately available for use in the current operations.

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are both: i) readily convertible to known amounts of cash; and ii) with original maturities of three months or less, hence the risk of changes in value due to changes in interest rates are insignificant.

k) Income tax

The Centre, through agreements or arrangements with host countries and /or partners, is exempt from all local taxes in most of the countries in which it operates. Management is satisfied that there is no material tax or other exposure (statutory, regulatory or otherwise) arising in the various countries in which ICRAF operates including those where there are no tax exemptions. Consequently, the Centre has not accounted for income tax in its financial statements.

I) Employee benefits

Employee benefits are all forms of consideration given by the Centre in exchange for the services rendered by all employees – whether Internationally Recruited Staff (IRS) or Nationally Recruited Staff (NRS). Employee benefits include:

i. Short term benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid under short-term cash bonus if the Centre has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

ii. Defined contribution plan

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Centre pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The Centre has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

The Centre pays contributions to publicly or privately administered pension insurance plans on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Centre has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

The Centre and all its employees contribute to the appropriate National Social Security Fund in the respective countries of operation.

iii. Defined benefit plan

A defined benefit plan is a pension plan that is not a defined contribution plan.

Employees are entitled to severance pay (gratuity) based on the number of years worked for the Centre, basic salary, local regulation and other demographic and financial assumptions as required by IAS 19, Employee benefits.

The liability recognised in the statement of financial position in respect of defined benefit pension plan is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates of high-quality investments that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension obligation.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

Past-service costs are recognised immediately in income.

iv. Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognized as an expense when the Centre is demonstrably committed, without realistic possibility of withdrawal, to a formal detailed plan to either terminate employment before the normal retirement date, or to provide termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Termination benefits for voluntary redundancies are recognized as an expense if the Centre has made an offer encouraging voluntary redundancy, it is probable that the offer will be accepted, and the number of acceptances can be reliably estimated.

h) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a

legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Centre or the counterparty.

n) Trade payables

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Trade payables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Short term payables with no stated interest rate are measured at the original invoice amount because the effect of discounting is immaterial.

Trade payables represent amounts due to donors, employees and others for support, services and or materials received prior to year-end but not paid for as of the date of the Statement of Financial Position.

Accounts payable to donors include grants received from donors for which conditions are not yet met and amounts payable to donors in respect of any unexpended funds received in advance for signed contracts.

Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Measurement:

Trade payables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

o) Provisions

Provisions are recognized when: 1) the Centre has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, 2) it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and 3) a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the Centre expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of financial activity net of any reimbursement.

p) Net Assets

Net assets comprise the residual interest in the entity's assets after liabilities are deducted. They are classified as either undesignated or designated and other comprehensive income.

- i. Undesignated net assets: Their use is not designated by ICRAF Management for specific purposes.
- ii. Designated net assets: Those that have been restricted by ICRAF as reserve for replacing property and equipment, retirement of national staff, and other activities or purposes.
- iii. Other comprehensive income: Includes the net changes in value of available-for-sale financial assets. It also includes the actuarial gain/(loss) resulting from the valuation of the defined benefit plan.

q) Work in progress

Work in progress represents properties in the course of construction. It is carried at cost, less any recognised impairment cost. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

r) Going Concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis on the belief that funds will continue to be received from donors. The Centre had current assets of U\$\$57.1 million and current liabilities of U\$\$32.7 million. This position presents a positive working capital position of U\$\$24.4 million indicating that the Centre will be able to meet its short term obligations as they fall due.

3. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including experience of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Centre makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

Gratuity provision

Employees are entitled to severance pay (gratuity) based on the number of years worked for the Centre, basic salary, local regulation and other demographic and financial assumptions as required by IAS 19, Employee benefits.

The provision is calculated using the projected unit credit method. Management used an actuary in the year under review to calculate the gratuity provision given the complexities involved.

Receivables

The Centre reviews its receivables to assess impairment at least on an annual basis or whenever there is an indicator of impairment. In determining whether an impairment loss should be recorded in the statement of financial activity, the Centre makes judgements as to whether there is any observable data indicating an impairment trigger followed by measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from receivables before the decrease can be identified with those receivables.

Management evaluates outstanding donor receivables on a case by case basis assessing the probability of the funds being received in the future. The amount of the allowance for doubtful debts is based on past experience, a continuous review of receivable aging reports, status of

projects, communication with relevant donors and other relevant factors.

Useful lives of property and equipment

The Centre determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation charges for its property and equipment. This estimate is based on projected product lifecycles. It could change significantly as a result of technical innovations and competitor actions in response to severe industry cycles. Management will increase the depreciation charge where useful lives are less than provided estimated lives or it will write off or write down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold.

Impairment losses

At the end of each reporting period, ICRAF reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, ICRAF estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.

4. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Centre's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Centre's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on its financial performance. The Centre does not hedge any of its risk exposures.

Financial risk management is carried out by the finance department under policies approved by the Board of Trustees. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and investment of excess liquidity.

Market risk

i. Foreign exchange risk

The Centre keeps records in US Dollars but receives grants from foreign countries in various currencies. The funds are held in Kenya Shilling, Pound, and in Euros. This exposes the Centre to losses that may arise from fluctuation in the foreign currency exchange rates. The Centre operates foreign currencies bank accounts for all receipts and payments in foreign currencies to minimize exposure to exchange risks.

Below is a summary of the foreign currency denominated financial assets and liabilities at their carrying amounts

	KES	GBP	EUR	Total
	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000
At 31 December 2017				
FINANCIAL ASSETS				
Bank balances	81	366	3,519	3,966
Receivables and other current assets	_	398	3,409	3,807
Total	81	764	6,928	7,773
	01	704	0,320	7,773
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES				
Trade payables	-	(583)	(6,850)	(7,433)
Net foreign currency exposure	81	181	78	340

At the end of each reporting period, if the Kenya Shilling, Pound, and in Euros had strengthened/weakened by 10% respectively against the US Dollar, with all other variables held constant, the sensitized effect on surplus or deficit would have been a decrease/increase in surplus by US\$ 374,000 (2016– US\$ 4,487,000)

	KES	GBP	EUR	Total
	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000
At 31 December 2016				
FINANCIAL ASSETS				
Bank balances	81	790	493	1,365
Receivables and other current				
assets	-	455	4,579	5,034
Total	81	1,245	5,072	6,399
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES				
Trade payables		(85)	(1,907)	(1,992)
Net foreign currency				
exposure	81	1,160	3,165	4,407

ii. Price risk

The Centre does not hold any financial instruments subject to price risk.

iii. Interest rate risk

The Centre does not hold any borrowings from a third party and hence is not subject to interest rate risk.

Bond prices are subject to interest rate movements. A rise in interest rate will have a negative impact on the bond price, while a decrease would have a positive impact on the bond price.

Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents and deposits with banks and financial institutions as well as accounts receivable. Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Centre.

For banks and financial institutions, only reputable well-established financial institutions, are accepted. For receivable balances:

- Reviews of aging reports are carried out monthly and provisions for doubtful amounts made for any potentially irrecoverable amounts.
- The Centre does not incur expenditure on restricted donor grants before funding contracts are signed.
- Advances to partner and hosted organizations are subject to the Centre's internal requirements to limit losses arising from funds advanced by the Centre.

The amount that best represents the Centre's maximum exposure to credit risk at 31 December is made up as follows:

	Fully performing	Past due	Impaired	Total
	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000
2017				
Held for trading financial assets	15,651	-	-	15,651
Term deposits	205	-	-	205
Cash and cash equivalents	17,377	-	-	17,377
Receivables and other current assets	23,483	-	2,444	25,927
	56,716	-	2,444	59,160
2016				
Held for trading financial assets	15,800	-	-	15,800
Term deposits	205	-	-	205
Cash and cash equivalents	14,682	-	-	14,682
Receivables and other current				
assets	28,371	-	971	29,342
	59,058	-	971	60,029

No collateral is held in respect of the above assets.

There were no significant concentrations of credit risk at the end of the reporting period, as the Centre has various donors from various countries hence no concentration risk. The Centre classifies the credit quality of its receivables into three categories; performing, past due and impaired. The performing debts are those which are within the set credit period of 90 days, the default rate is low. Past due

amounts are those beyond the maximum established period of 90 days and represents slow but paying donors. These receivables continue to be serviced even though this is not done on the contractual dates. The finance department is actively following this debt.

	2017	2016
	USD'000	USD'000
Past due but not impaired:		
- by 0 to 30 days	16,835	18,604
- by 31 to 90 days	6,426	9,508
- by greater than 90 days	222	259
Total past due but not impaired	23,483	28,371

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Centre will not be able to meet its financial obligations when they fall due. The Centre's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or at the risk of damaging the Centre's reputation. The Centre ensures that it has sufficient cash on demand to meet expected operational expenses, including the servicing of financial obligations. This excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted. All liquidity policies and procedures are subject to review and approval by the board of trustees.

The table below provides a contractual maturity analysis of the Centre's financial liabilities. All balances are due within 12 months hence their carrying amounts are equal to their undiscounted cash flows as the impact of discounting is not significant.

	1 - 6 months	6 - 12 months	1 – 5 years	Total
	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000
At 31 December 20	17			
Financial liabilities	}			
Accounts payable	24,883	7,880	-	32,763
Accounts payable- employees	638	638	5,106	6,382
	25,521	8,518	5,106	39,145
At 31 December 20	16			
Financial liabilities				
Accounts payable	27,073	8,106	-	35,179
Accounts payable- employees	569	569	4,555	5,693
	27,642	8,675	4,555	40,872

Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

i. Fair value hierarchy

The Centre specifies a hierarchy of valuation techniques based on whether the inputs to those valuation techniques are observable or unobservable. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources; unobservable inputs reflect the Centre's market assumptions. These two types of inputs have created the following fair value hierarchy:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. This level includes equity securities and debt instruments listed on a Securities Exchange.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly as prices or indirectly as derived from prices.
- Level 3 Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). This level includes equity investments and debt instruments with significant unobservable components.

This hierarchy requires the use of observable market data when available. The Centre considers relevant and observable market prices in its valuations where possible.

		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	Notes	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000
At 31 December 2017					
Financial assets					
Held for trading financial assets:					
- Fixed income securities	7(a)	_	15,651	_	15,651
	. ,	-	15,651	-	15,651
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	Notes	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000
At 31 December 2016					
Financial assets					
Held for trading financial assets:					
- Fixed income					
securities	7(a)	_	15,800	_	15,800

5. Property and equipment

		UNR	ESTRICTED	UNRESTRICTED (Centre Assets)					RESTRICT	RESTRICTED (Project Assets)	its)		
	Physical facilities	Infrastructure & leasehold	Motor Vehicles	Furnishing & equipment	Work in progress	Total	Physical facilities	Infrastructure & leasehold	Motor Vehicles	Furnishing & equipment	Work in progress	Total	Grand Total
	000, QSN	000, GSN	000, GSN	000, QSN	000, QSN	000, QSN	000, GSN	000, QSN	000, QSN	000, GSN	000, QSN	000, GSN	000, GSN
Year ended 31 December 2017	ember 2017												
Cost													
At start of year	9,303	495	1,065	5,752	,	16,615	346	ı	4,827	4,918	469	10,560	27,175
Additions		,		44	'	44	2	ı	66	224	1	325	369
Transfer from WIP		,	1	1			5	ı	ı	168	(173)	1	
Disposals		1	ı	(61)	1	(61)	ı	ı	ı	(71)	ı	(71)	(132)
At end of year	9,303	495	1,065	5,735	'	16,598	353	1	4,926	5,239	296	10,814	27,412
Accumulated Depreciation	eciation												
At start of year	4,932	344	1,012	4,294	1	10,582	346	ı	4,827	4,918	ı	10,091	20,673
Charge for the year	321	10	23	344	'	869	7	ı	66	392	ı	498	1,196
Disposal	1	•	1	(61)	1	(61)	1	1	1	(71)	-	(71)	(132)
At end of year	5,253	354	1,035	4,577	1	11,219	353	1	4,926	5,239	ı	10,518	21,737
Net book value et end of year	4,050	141	30	1,158	'	5,379	'	1	'	1	296	296	5,675

		UNF	RESTRICTED	UNRESTRICTED (Centre Assets)					RESTRICT	RESTRICTED (Project Assets)	ets)		
	Physical facilities	Infrastructure & leasehold	Motor Vehicles	Furnishing & equipment	Work in progress	Total	Physical facilities	Infrastructure & leasehold	Motor Vehicles	Furnishing & equipment	Work in progress	Total	Grand Total
	000, GSN	000, QSN	000, GSN	000, QSN	000, GSN	000, QSN	000, GSN	000, GSN	000, QSN	000, QSN	000, GSN	000, GSN	000, QSN
Year ended 31 December 2016	ecember 2016	3											
Cost													
At start of year	9,270	495	1,104	5,662	1	16,531	252	1	4,488	4,778	538	10,056	26,587
Additions	33	1	32	152	1	217	94	1	427	160	(69)	612	829
Disposals	1	1	(71)	(62)	1	(133)	1	1	(88)	(20)	1	(108)	(241)
At end of year	9,303	495	1,065	5,752	1	16,615	346	1	4,827	4,918	469	10,560	27,175
Accumulated Depreciation	preciation												
At start of year	4,606	335	1,064	3,974	1	9,979	252	1	4,488	4,778	1	9,518	19,497
Charge for the year	326	6	19	378	'	732	94	1	427	160	1	681	1,413
Disposal	ı		(71)	(28)	1	(129)	1	ı	(88)	(20)	1	(108)	(237)
At end of year	4,932	344	1,012	4,294	1	10,582	346	1	4,827	4,918	1	10,091	20,673
Net book value at end of year	4,371	151	53	1,458		6,033	1	'			469	469	6,502

** As at 31 December 2017, property and equipment with a cost amounting to US\$ 15.1 million (2016 – US\$ 13.7 million) were fully depreciated. The notional depreciation charge would have been US\$ 3.1 million (2016 – US\$ 2.9 million).

6. Intangible assets

	2017	2016
Software/ Others	USD '000	USD '000
Cost		
At the start and end of year	916	916
Amortization		
At start of year	161	69
Charge for the year	92	92
At end of year	253	161
Carrying amount at 31 December	663	755

7. (a). Held for trading financial assets

At 1 January	15,800	14,634
Additions	3,694	5,307
Disposals at carrying value	(3,843)	(4,137)
Fair value (losses) gains	-	(4)
At 31 December	15,651	15,800

(b). Term deposits

Deposit (Remaining maturity of 3 months		
to 1 year)	205	205

8. Inventories

Computers, stationery and office supplies	297	49
Less: Allowance for obsolescence	(8)	(8)
Total	289	41

9. Receivables and other current assets

Donors	12,992	15,470
Less: Provision for doubtful donor receivables	(2,294)	(971)
Total	10,698	14,499
Prepayments	1,428	2,480
Advances to staff	1,114	1,555
Other CGIAR Centres	2,926	1,285
Associated organizations (partners and collaborators)	7,222	8,186
Others	245	366
Less: Provision for doubtful staff advances	(150)	-
Total	12,785	13,872
Net total accounts receivables	23,483	28,371

	2017	2016
	USD 000	USD 000
Movements on the provision for impairment of donor receivables are as follows:		
At start of year	971	1,493
Charge/ (Credit) in the year	1,349	(522)
Write offs	(26)	-
	2,294	971

10. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank and in hand	14,611	11,421
Short term Deposits	2,766	3,261
Total	17,377	14,682



11. Net assets

			Designated			Other comprehensive income	Total
	Undesignated	Property and Equipment	Capital Replacements/ Acquisitions	Other Designated	Sub Total	Actuarial gain/ (loss)	
	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000
Balance at 31 December 2015	8,867	7,938	3,560	5,910	17,408	670	26,945
Net changes in investment in property and equipment	-	(681)	681	-	-	-	-
Strategic investment fund	326	-	-	(326)	(326)	-	-
Deficit for the year	(1,628)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,628)
Other comprehensive incomprehensive incomprehe	me:						
Actuarial gain on retirement benefit obligation	-	-	-	-	_	167	167
Balance at 31 December 2016	7,565	7,257	4,241	5,584	17,082	837	25,484
Net changes in investment in property and equipment	-	(919)	919	-	-	-	-
Strategic investment fund	1,142	-	-	(1,142)	(1,142)	-	-
Deficit for the year	(1,294)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,294)
Other comprehensive incomprehensive incomprehe	me:						
Actuarial gain on retirement benefit obligation	-	-	-	-		8	8
Balance at 31 December 2017	7,413	6,338	5,160	4,442	15,940	845	24,198

The level of net assets recommended by the Board of trustees is 75-90 days of operating expenses excluding depreciation. As at 31 December 2017, the Centre's net assets represented 1127 days (2016 – 112 days) of the operating expenses excluding depreciation.

Net assets include both the designated and undesignated portions.

Undesignated

The actual balance in the undesignated portion as at 31 December 2017 is US\$ 7.413 million (2016: US\$ 7.565 million), which is presented as unrestricted (undesignated) net assets. The deficit for the year of US\$ 1.294 million (2016: deficit of US\$ 1.628 million) represents the total losses incurred by the Centre during the year.

Designated

a. Net investment in property and equipment

A portion of unrestricted net assets has been appropriated by the Board of Trustees to reflect net investment in property and equipment.

The balance of USD 6.338 million as at 31 December 2017 (2016: USD 7.257 million) comprises the balance brought forward from 2016 and the current year's net decrease in fixed assets of USD 0.919 million (2016: decrease of USD 0.681 million).

b. Reserve for acquisition and replacement of property and equipment

Each financial year the Centre appropriates from the unrestricted net assets an amount equal to the movement in the net book value of the property and equipment and any other specific allocation into a reserve designated to meet the acquisition and replacement costs for property and equipment items.

The net balance of USD 5.160 million (2016: USD 4.241 million) as at 31 December 2017 represents unspent funding available for use by the Centre in future years for acquisition and replacement of property and equipment.

c. Other designations

In 2015, the Centre made the following appropriations from undesignated net assets:

- USD 2.300 million to cater for any future funding shortfalls
- USD 2.351 million to cater for strategic investments; and
- USD 1.259 million to cater for other contingencies arising from adverse foreign currency and other events which could pose a risk to the Centre's continuity.

In 2016, the Centre utilized USD 0.326 million from the strategic investment fund. The balance as at 31 December 2016 was USD 2.025 million. In 2017, the Centre utilized USD 1.142 million from the strategic investment fund. The balance as at 31 December 2017 was USD 0.883 million.

12. Retirement benefit obligation

	2017	2016
Severance (Staff gratuity)	USD'000	USD'000
At start of year	5,693	5,860
Charge to statement of activities and other comprehensive income	1,537	944
Leavers	(840)	(944)
Credit to other comprehensive income	(8)	(167)
At 31 December	6,382	5,693

Assumptions for retirement benefit obligation

Employees are entitled to severance pay (gratuity) based on the number of years worked for the Centre, basic salary, local regulation and other demographic and financial assumptions as required by IAS 19, Employee benefits. An actuarial valuation was carried out on the staff gratuity scheme as at 31 December 2017. This is a non-contributory and unfunded scheme. The principal features of the actuarial valuation are as follows:

Assumptions for staff gratuity:	
Mortality	As per the Kenyan mortality tables (KE 2001 – 2003).
Withdrawal rate	12.08% per annum
Salary growth	1.8% to 7%
Discount rate	1.14%
Retirement age	65

13. Accounts payable

	2017	2016
	USD 000	USD 000
Donors - restricted	19,807	18,888
Other CGIAR centres	1,360	1,468
Accrued expenses	3,007	5,702
Repatriation costs	1,934	2,440
Associated organizations (partners and collaborators)	2,069	1,173
Trade creditors	1,808	2,464
Employees	1,345	1,713
Other payables	1,433	1,331
Total	32,763	35,179

14. Grant revenue

	Donor receivables 1/01/2017	Donor payables 1/01/2017	Receipts in 2017	Donor receivables 31/12/2017	Donor payables 31/12/2017	Total grant revenue for 2017
	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000
Unrestricted	(40)	-	305	40	-	305
Restricted	(15,430)	18,888	55,783	12,952	(19,807)	52,426
Total	(15,470)	18,888	56,088	12,992	(19,807)	52,731

	Donor receivables 1/01/2016	Donor payables 1/01/2016	Receipts in 2016	Donor receivables 31/12/2016	Donor payables 31/12/2016	Total grant revenue for 2016
	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000
Unrestricted	(251)	-	555	40	-	344
Restricted	(9,458)	26,614	46,269	15,430	(18,888)	59,967
Total	(9,709)	26,614	46,824	15,470	(18,888)	60,311

15. Other income

	2017	2016
	USD'000	USD'000
Administration fees	504	956
Gain or sale of equipment	99	43
Doubtful debt recovery	-	670
Adjustment for prior years accruals*	1,411	733
Miscellaneous income	252	323
Total	2,266	2,725

^{*} The process of reconciliation of accruals and clean up was completed in December 2017. Adjustment for prior year's accruals is not envisaged in future as the current accruals are valid and will crystallize in 2018.

16. Finance income and costs

	2017	2016
	USD'000	USD'000
Investment income	368	373
Exchange loss	(178)	(603)
Total	191	(230)

17. Expenses by nature

	2017	2016
	USD'000	USD'000
Research costs	34,853	40,086
CGIAR collaboration costs	1,421	1,569
Other collaboration costs	12,515	14,517
General and Administration costs	7,692	8,262
Total administrative, research and collaborator costs	56,481	64,434

18. Employee benefits expense

	2017	2016
	USD'000	USD'000
Salaries and wages	12,349	18,166
Retirement benefits costs:		
- Defined contribution scheme	1,875	2,296
- National Social Security Funds	377	350
- Other personnel costs	10,359	8,500
Total	24,960	29,312

19. Key management compensation

Key management includes directors (executive and nonexecutive) and members of senior management. The compensation paid or payable to key management for employee services is shown below:

	2017	2016
	USD'000	USD'000
Key management compensation		
Salaries and other short-term employment benefits	1,049	1,447
Post-employment benefits	96	125
Honorarium	47	68
	1,192	1,640

20. Contingent liabilities

A guarantee for US\$ 8,000 has been issued by ICRAF's bankers in favour of third parties and has been issued in the normal course of business.



21. Statement of Activities and Other Comprehensive Income

				2017							2016			
	Unrest	Unrestricted	Restricted	cted	Total	ļaļ.		Unrestricted	ricted	Restricted	cted	Total	a	
Revenue	Portfolio	Non- Portfolio	Portfolio	Non- Portfolio	Portfolio	Non- Portfolio	Grand Total	Portfolio	Non- Portfolio	Portfolio	Non- Portfolio	Portfolio	Non- Portfolio	Grand Total
Grant Revenue														
Window 1 & 2	1	1	5,713	1	5,713		5,713	1		10,668	1	10,668		10,668
Window 3		1	19,199	3,133	19,199	3,133	22,332	40	1	16,388	2,095	16,428	2,095	18,523
Bilateral	305	1	23,955	426	24,260	426	24,686	304	1	28,025	2,791	28,329	2,791	31,120
Total Grant Revenue	305	•	48,867	3,559	49,172	3,559	52,731	344		55,081	4,886	55,425	4,886	60,311
Other Revenue and Gains	2,266	•	'	1	2,266	1	2,266	2,725	1	1	1	2,725	1	2,725
Total Revenue	2,571	1	48,867	3,559	51,438	3,559	54,997	3,069	1	55,081	4,886	58,150	4,886	63,036
Losses														
Research Expenses	1,816	'	29,905	3,132	31,721	3,132	34,853	3,489	'	32,386	4,211	35,875	4,211	40,086
CGIAR Collaborator Expenses	1	•	1,421	•	1,421	•	1,421	•	1	1,569	•	1,569	1	1,569
Non CGIAR Collaborator Expenses	13	'	12,474	28	12,487	58	12,515	ı	'	14,430	87	14,430	87	14,517
General and Administration Expenses	2,226	,	5,067	399	7,293	399	7,692	826	•	969'9	288	7,674	288	8,262
Other Expenses and Losses	'	•	'	'	1	1	1	•	1	'	'	,	1	•
Total Expenses and Losses	4,055		48,867	3,559	52,922	3,559	56,481	4,467		55,081	4,886	59,548	4,886	64,434
Operating Surplus/ Deficit	(1,484)		•	1	(1,484)	•	(1,484)	(1,398)	•	•	1	(1,398)	•	(1,398)

Statement of Activities and Other Comprehensive Income (continued)

				2017							2016			
	Unrestricted	icted	Restricted	cted	Total	al		Unrestricted	ricted	Restricted	ted	Total	tal	
	Portfolio	Non- Portfolio Portfolio	Non- Portfolio Portfolio	Non- Portfolio	Portfolio	Non- Portfolio	Grand Total	Portfolio	Non- Portfolio Portfolio	Portfolio	Non- Portfolio	Non- Portfolio Portfolio	Non- Portfolio	Grand Total
Financial Income	368	ı	1	1	368	1	368	373	1	1	1	373	1	373
Financial Expenses	(178)	•	1	ī	(178)	•	(178)	(603)	1	1	1	(603)	•	(603)
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR	(1,294)	1	•	,	(1,294)	,	(1,294)	(1,628)	1		1	(1,628)		(1,628)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	: INCOME													
Unrealized gain/loss- Hedging activities	1	1	,	1	1	1	1	1	,	,	1	1	1	1
Actuarial gain - Defined benefit plan	8	1	1	ı	8	1	80	167		ı	1	167	1	167
Sub-total Other Comprehensive Income	8				8		œ	167			1	167		167
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE SURPLUS/DEFIGIT FOR THE YEAR	(1,286)	ı	1	1	(1,286)	1	(1,286)	(1,461)	T.	ı	I	(1,461)	1	(1,461)



Statement of Activities and Other Comprehensive Income (continued)

Unrestricted					2017							2016			
Non-		Unrest	tricted	Resti	ricted	Ē	tal		Unrestr	icted	Re	Restricted	Total		
8,597 - 15,138 1,225 23,735 1,225 24,960 9,152 - 1 1.3 - 1,421 - 1,421 - 1,421 - 1,421 - 1,421 1,725 12,364 17,75) - 1 1.3 - 12,474 28 12,487 28 12,515 305 - 1 1.5 - 11,511 1,426 10,938 1,426 12,364 17,75) - 1 1.5 - 2,451 434 3,130 434 3,563 1,198 - 1 1.5 - 325 44 325 44 369 10,698 - 6,481 10,698 - 6,481 1		Portfolio	Non- Portfolio	Portfolio	Non- Portfolio	Portfolio	Non- Portfolio	Grand Total	Portfolio	Non- Portfolio	Portfolio	Non- Portfolio	Portfolio	Non- Portfolio	Grand Total
8,597 1,128 1,225 23,735 1,125 24,960 9,152 - - 1,421 - 1,421 - 1,421 - - - - - 13 - 12,474 28 12,487 28 12,515 305 -	Expenses by natural c	lassification													
- 1,421 - 1,421 - 1,421 - 1,421 - 1,421 - 1,426 12,487 28 12,515 305 - - 1 - 11,511 1,426 10,938 1,426 12,364 (775) - - 1 -	Personnel costs	8,597	'		1,225	23,735	1,225	24,960	9,152	'	17,294	1,151	26,446	1,151	27,597
13 - 12,474 28 12,487 28 12,515 305 - 1 (573) - 11,511 1,426 10,938 1,426 12,364 (775) - 1 679 - 2,451 434 3,130 434 3,563 1,198 - 1 803 - 482 3,130 434 3,563 1,288 818 - - - 48,802 3,160 53,321 3,160 56,481 10,698 - - 4,058 4,055 - 48,867 3,559 52,922 3,559 56,481 4,466 - 6,786 - 6,786 - - 6,786 -	GIAR Collaboration Josts	1	1	1,421	1	1,421	1	1,421	1	1	1,569	1	1,569	1	1,569
(573) - 11,511 1,426 10,938 1,426 12,364 (775) - 679 - 2,451 434 3,130 434 3,563 1,198 - 803 - 482 3,130 434 3,663 1,198 - - - 48,807 3,160 53,321 3,160 56,481 10,698 - - (5,464) - 5,065 3,99 (399) 3,59 56,481 4,466 - 6,232 - 6,486 - - 6,232 - 6,486 - - 6,623 - - 6,6481 -	Other Collaboration	13	1	12,474	28	12,487	28	12,515	302	•	14,676	87	14,981	87	15,068
679 - 2,451 434 3,130 434 3,563 1,198 - 803 - 482 3 1,285 3 1,286 818 - - - 325 44 325 44 369 - - - 9,519 - 43,802 3,160 53,321 3,160 56,481 10,698 - - 6,232 - 4,466 - - 6,232 -	upplies & Services	(573)	1	11,511	1,426	10,938	1,426	12,364	(775)	•	11,988	1,894	11,213	1,894	13,107
803 - 482 3 1,285 3 1,286 818 - - 325 44 325 44 369 - - - 9,519 - 43,802 3,160 53,321 3,160 56,481 10,698 - 6 (5,464) - 5,065 399 (399) 399 - (6,232) - - 1,466 - - 1,466 - <td< td=""><td>ravel</td><td>629</td><td>1</td><td>2,451</td><td>434</td><td>3,130</td><td>434</td><td>3,563</td><td>1,198</td><td>•</td><td>2,895</td><td>1,111</td><td>4,093</td><td>1,111</td><td>5,204</td></td<>	ravel	629	1	2,451	434	3,130	434	3,563	1,198	•	2,895	1,111	4,093	1,111	5,204
- 325 44 325 44 369 -	epreciation	803	•	482	က	1,285	က	1,288	818	•	289	•	1,505	1	1,505
9,519 - 43,802 3,160 53,321 3,160 56,481 10,698 - 4,068 - 6,232<	ost Sharing ercentage	•	1	325	44	325	44	369	1	1	328	55	328	52	383
(5,464) - 5,065 399 (399) 399 - (6,232) - sts 4,055 - 48,867 3,559 55,922 3,559 56,481 4,466 - 8	otal Direct Costs	9,519	1	43,802	3,160	53,321	3,160	56,481	10,698	1	49,438	4,298	60,136	4,298	64,434
4,055 - 48,867 3,559 52,922 3,559 56,481 4,466 -	ndirect Cost Recovery	(5,464)	1	5,065	399	(388)	399	'	(6,232)	'	5,644	588	(288)	588	'
	Total -All Costs	4,055	•	48,867	3,559	52,922	3,559	56,481	4,466	1	55,082	4,886	59,548	4,886	64,434

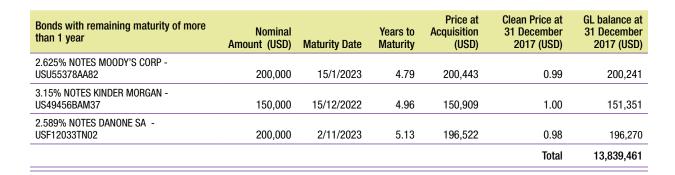




Exhibit 1: Held for Trading Financial Assets

Bonds with remaining maturity of more than 1 year	Nominal Amount (USD)	Maturity Date	Years to Maturity	Price at Acquisition (USD)	Clean Price at 31 December 2017 (USD)	GL balance at 31 December 2017 (USD)
2 1/4% NTS RABOBANK NEDERLAND - US21688AAA07	250,000	14/1/2019	1.11	248,769	1.00	252,822
2.1% NOTES ABN AMRO BANK - XS1549579529	250,000	18/1/2019	1.21	252,250	1.00	252,055
2 1/2% NOTES SANTANDER UK PLC - US80283LAK98	250,000	14/3/2019	1.29	256,350	1.00	252,765
1.0336% MEDIUM TERM NTS CREDIT AGRICOLE - US22532MAN20	250,000	15/4/2019	1.30	250,200	1.01	253,350
3 1/8% US TREASURY NTS - US912828KQ20	400,000	15/5/2019	1.37	455,486	1.02	408,528
7.3% NTS MORGAN STANLEY - US61747YCG89	100,000	13/5/2019	1.45	124,464	1.07	107,575
2.05% NOTES BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA - US064159EX02	400,000	6/5/2019	1.54	400,208	1.00	399,605
0.5841% NOTES TOTAL CAPITAL INTERNATIONAL - US89153VAN91	300,000	19/6/2019	1.54	300,240	1.00	300,463
3.5% NOTES GENERAL MOTORS FINANCIAL - US37045XAN66	250,000	7/10/2019	1.62	259,774	1.01	257,632
4.8 REGD EURO ENGINEERING FINANCIAL- XS0440041191	200,000	16/7/2019	1.62	233,010	1.04	211,453
7/8% TREASURY NOTES USA - US912828TH30	500,000	31/7/2019	1.60	480,370	0.99	494,354
6% MEDIUM TERM NTS GENERAL ELECTRIC CAP CORP- US36962G4D32	200000	7/8/2019	1.71	245,458	1.06	216,443
1.6476% NOTES FORD MOTOR CREDIT CO - US345397YC16	200,000	12/8/2019	1.72	200,160	1.01	201,764
1.625% MORTGAGE COVERED BONDS - DE000A2AAVU8	200,000	30/8/2019	1.78	200,068	0.99	198,743
4 5/8% EURO MTNS OPTUS FINANCE PTY - XS0457559838	250,000	15/10/2019	1.79	271,881	1.04	261,234
1.75% NOTES PROCTER & GAMBLE CO - US742718EZ88	180,000	25/10/2019	1.83	180,081	1.00	179,984
6% REGD NTS HOLCIM US FIN SARL & CIE - XS0455643394	200,000	30/12/2019	1.85	237,584	1.06	218,544
6% NTS BOSTON SCIENTIFIC CORP - US101137AK32	100,000	20/1/2020	1.87	117,906	1.07	109,524
1.60483% NOTES DEUTSCHE TELEKOM - USN27915AP71	250,000	17/1/2020	1.87	250,200	1.00	251,787
2.125% BONDS LANDESBANK BADEN- DE000LB1DR47	200,000	31/1/2020	1.92	199,866	0.99	202,856
2 5/8 NTS HCP INC - US40414LAH24	20,000	1/2/2020	2.04	20,052	1.00	20,308
4 3/8% NOTES SHELL INTERNATIONAL FINANCE - US822582AM49	300,000	25/3/2020	2.25	339,239	1.05	317,498
0.125% TREASURY NOTES - US912828K338	235,000	15/4/2020	2.31	237,469	1.05	247,073
2.75% NOTES JPMORGAN CHASE & CO - USA6625HLW87	160,000	23/6/2020	2.30	159,853	1.02	162,905

Bonds with remaining maturity of more than 1 year	Nominal Amount (USD)	Maturity Date	Years to Maturity	Price at Acquisition (USD)	Clean Price at 31 December 2017 (USD)	GL balance at 31 December 2017 (USD)
1.1575% NOTES AT&T - US00206RCK68	250,000	30/6/2020	2.34	250,200	1.01	251,961
4 1/8% NOTES HSBC BANK PLC - USG4639DVV48	250,000	12/8/2020	2.34	274,728	1.03	261,623
1.87622% MEDIUM TERM NOTES ING BANK - US44987DAH98	250,000	17/8/2020	2.48	252,384	1.01	254,297
2.35% NOTES ELECTRICITE DE FRANCE - USF2893TAN66	300,000	13/10/2020	2.54	309,022	1.00	300,938
2.125% BONDS KOOKMIN BANK - USY4822WCS71	250,000	21/10/2020	2.73	249,375	0.98	245,523
2 3/8% NOTES ASTRAZENECA PLC - USO46353AK44	300,000	16/11/2020	2.75	310,662	1.00	300,736
3.45% NTS VERIZON COMMUNICATIONS - US92343VCC63	40,000	15/3/2021	2.87	40,107	1.02	41,394
2.25 MTN NATIONAL AUSTRALIA BANK - US63253XAJ81	250,000	16/3/2021	2.88	250,458	0.99	249,600
1.7801% MTN SVENSKA HANDELSBANKEN AB - US86960BAM46	300,000	30/3/2021	3.04	303,202	1.03	310,623
1 7/8% BONDS BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA - US06416CAC29	300,000	26/4/2021	3.06	298,734	0.98	295,051
1.75% NOTES VERIZON COMMUNICATIONS - US92343VDG68	250,000	15/8/2021	3.13	249,109	0.98	245,591
1.70% NOTES BAXTER INTERNATIONAL - USO71813BR97	250,000	15/8/2021	3.46	249,937	0.97	243,857
1.83578% MEDIUM TERM NOTES BNZ INTL - US05579JAD00	250,000	14/9/2021	3.46	250,965	1.01	253,294
1.90% NOTES ORACLE CORP - US68389XBK00	120,000	14/3/2019	3.50	119,887	0.98	118,857
0.125% TREASURY NOTES - US912828SA95	745,000	15/1/2022	3.57	768,586	1.09	809,061
2.375% BONDS NESTLE HOLDINGS - XS1550117342	250,000	18/1/2022	3.88	249,399	1.00	255,016
1.75733% NOTES KOREA DEVT BANK - US500630CN65	250,000	21/10/2020	3.88	250,220	1.00	249,672
2.95% NOTES EMD FINANCIAL LLC- USU2912LAD56	40,000	19/1/2022	3.96	40,029	1.00	40,485
2.875% NOTES CK HUTCHISON INTL - USG2177UAA72	250,000	5/4/2022	1.45	250,240	1.00	250,622
2.875% NOTES ENEL FINANCE INTL - USN30707AD06	250,000	25/5/2022	4.30	250,697	1.00	250,099
2.7 % NOTES STARBUCKS CORP - US855244AG47	250,000	15/6/2022	4.30	250,122	1.01	252,189
1.85556% NOTES RECKITT BENCKISER TREASURY - USG7420TAF33	250,000	24/6/2022	3.06	250,200	1.00	251,824
3 1/8% NOTES AMERICA MOVIL SAB - US02364WBD65	200,000	16/7/2022	4.31	208,114	1.01	205,587
2.5% BONDS SUMITOOMO CORP- XS1656933535	250,000	13/9/2022	4.52	249,895	0.98	247,021
2.5 NOTES PHILIP MORRIS - US718172CD93	250,000	2/10/2022	4.65	249,127	1.00	252,132
1 5/8% TREASURY NOTES - US912828TY62	775,000	15/11/2022	4.71	768,615	0.97	756,970
0.125% TREASURY BONDS USA - US912828UH11	300,000	15/1/2023	4.73	312,506	1.06	318,315



Bonds with remaining maturity of 3 months to 1 year	Nominal Amount (USD)	Maturity Date	Years to Maturity	Price at Acquisition (USD)	Clean Price at 31 December 2017 (USD)	GL balance at 31 December 2017 (USD)
1.4361% NOTES GOLDMAN SACHS- US38141GVK74	200,000	30/4/2018	0.33	201,932	1.00	201,808
5 5/8% GNERAL ELECTRIC CAP CORP - US36962G3U65	100,000	1/5/2018	0.33	121,994	1.01	102,135
0.9068% MEDIUM TERM AMERICAN EXPRESS - US0258M0DW60	300,000	31/7/2018	0.58	300,541	1.00	301,595
0.6942% NTS STATOIL ASA - US85771PAS11	100,000	8/11/2018	0.85	100,111	1.00	100,661
6 1/2% XTO ENERGY INC - US98385XAT37	100,000	15/12/2018	0.96	134,891	1.04	104,411
					Total	810,610

Exhibit 2:

Exhibit 2a:

Schedule of Unrestricted Grants Revenue

(In US Dollars '000)

				2017			
				2017			
	Funds B	/F	Received	Accounts Receivable	Advance Payment	Grant Revenue	2016
Donor							
China	(40)	-	40	-	-	-	40
Germany	-	-	305	-	-	305	304
	(40)	-	345	-	-	305	344

Exhibit 2b:

Analysis of Sources and Applications of Restricted Project Gants In US Dollars '000)

		i e		i e		I.	I		l .
Funds c/f as at 31 Dec 2017	•	•	6,851	6,851	441,624	1	'	38,754	1
Total Expenditure	•	ı	1	1	1,937,800		0	412,329	1,506
Capital & Depreciation	•	ı		1	2,310			,	
Partnerships	•	ı	1	1	680,058			401,575	2,500
Supplies & services	•		•	1	487,476	1	0	375	(3,879)
Operational travel		ı	•	1	118,112		·	1,425	
Training					7,793				1
Professional services		1	ı		8,466			1,568	
Personnel costs	•		•	'	633,585	1	,	7,387	2,885
Total available 2017		ı	6,851	6,851	2,379,424		0	451,083	1,506
Funds accrued 2017	4,083	4,083	ı	1	183,642	7,625	13,041		35,241
Funds received 2017	1	ī	28,000	28,000	1,330,828	ı		206,840	
Funds b/f from prior year	,		ı		957,359	1	ı	244,244	1
Funds accrued prior year	4,083	4,083	21,149	21,149	92,404	7,625	13,041		33,735
Agreement	AGROFUTURO GLOBAL SL	AGGL-937:Committee for Sustainable Assessment	Agropolis Foundation	AGRF- 1097:Supporting the AWARD Francophone Pilot Programme	Australian Centre for International Agricultural Research	ACAR-1008:Farming systems and food security in Africa: Priorities for Science and Policy under Rapid Global Change	ACAR-1014:Improving Sustainable Productivity in Farming Systems and Enhanced Livelihoods through Adoption of Evergreen Agriculture in Eastem Africa	ACAR- 1051:Production and Market Strategies for Improvement of Smallholders Livelihoods in Indonesia	ACAR-1057:Enhancing Livelihoods and Food Security from Agroforestry and Community Forestry in Nepal
Donor	AGROFU	100937	Agropoli	101097	Australiar Internatio Research	101008	101014	101051	101057

Funds c/f as at 31 Dec 2017	333,498		56,675	12,698	1	
Total Expenditure	513,003	668,528	98,087	253,658	(3,715)	(5,595)
Capital & Depreciation	1	2,310	ı		1	1
Partnerships	122,914	124,148	407	28,514	1	1
Supplies & services	156,515	203,194	39,501	101,081	(3,715)	(5,595)
Operational travel	43,346	44,406	0,960	21,975	1	1
Training	2,841	3,002		1,950		
Professional services		6,518	•	380		
Personnel costs	187,387	284,950	51,218	99,758	1	1
Total available 2017	846,501	668,528	154,762	266,356	(3,715)	(5,595)
Funds accrued 2017	1	127,735			0	0
Funds received 2017	133,386	540,793	154,762	266,356	14,004	14,688
Funds b/f from prior year	713,115		1		1	1
Funds accrued prior year	1	•			17,720	20,284
Agreement	ACAR- 1154:Developing Value Chain Innovation Platforms to Improve Food Security in East and Southern Africa	ACAR- 1211:Developing Intergrated Options and Accelerating Scaling up of Agroforestry for Improved Food Security and Resilient Livelihoods In Eastern Africa - Trees for Food Security - II	ACAR- 1234:Developing and Promoting Market- Based Agroforestry Options and Integrated Landscape Management for Smallholder Forestry in Indonesia (KANOPPI II)	ACAR- 1237:Developing and Promoting Market Based Agroforestry and Forest Rehabilitation Options in Northwest Vietnam	ACAR-951:Watershed Evaluation for Sustainable Use of Sloping Agricultural Land in the Southern Philippines	ACAR- 982:Agroforestry for Livelihoods of Smallholder Farmers in North-Western Vietnam
Donor	101154	101211	101234	101237	100951	100982

428,735 878,247 248,084 4,916 13,705 61,673 343,773 52,540 45,340 770,031 (20,282,33) (20,		Funds	(0. T	Funds b/f	Funds	Funds	Total	Personnel	Professional	Training	Operational	Supplies &	Dortnorchine	Capital &		Funds c/f as
428,735 678,247 248,084 4,916 13,705 61,673 343,773 52,540 46,5340 770,031 1 428,735 538,154 166,089 138 9,541 46,682 259,213 52,540 536,154 6,561,544 12,378 12,378 12,378 12,378 12,378 12,378 12,378 12,4164 12,961 64,562 26,126 2,5540 2,530,154 12,443,562 2,144,564 12,378 12,378 12,378 12,378 12,378 12,378 12,378 12,378 12,443,562 2,443,763 2,81,26 2,530 2,443,562 2,143,763 13,443,763 2,81,26 2,530 2,244,3562 2,144,3562 1,177,469 1,17	Agreement accrueu nom prior prior prior year year	9	year year		2017	2017	2017 2017		services			services		Depreciation	Expenditure	at 31 Dec 2017
428.735 536.154 166.029 138 9,541 48,682 256,213 52,540 - 536,154 12,971	Flemish Office for Development 3 449,514 Cooperation and Technical Assistance		449,514		,	428,735	878,247	248,084	4,916	13,705	61,673	343,773	52,540	45,340	770,031	108,215
428,735 536,154 166,039 138 9,541 46,682 259,213 52,540 - 536,154 - 329,718 82,045 4,778 4,164 12,991 84,562 - 45,340 233,880 - 12,378 -	BELG-1050:Building 3 - a Large Evergreen Agriculture Network for Southern Africa					1	(3)	1		1	1	(3)	•	•	(3)	
- 12,378 - 23,406 72,013 319,329 743,753 28,126 2,530 2,443,552 2,1 - 4,586,109 1,039,384 238,408 72,013 247,993 666,736 28,126 2,530 2,266,084 5 - 1,828,307 - 29,116 - 71,336 77,016 - 112,896 4,185 - (28,253) 674,159 (28,253) (22,089) 204 - 6,561 12,896 4,185 - (28,253) 7,034 - 1 - 1,034,159 1	BELG 107,418 1165:Agroforestry Food Security Programme Phase II - Extended		107,418			428,735	536,154	166,039	138	9,541	48,682	259,213	52,540		536,154	
- 4,596,109 1,039,394 238,408 72,013 319,329 743,753 28,126 2,530 2,443,552 2,1 - 2,767,803 1,039,394 238,408 72,013 247,993 666,736 28,126 2,530 2,266,084 5 - 1,826,307 - 29,116 - 71,336 77,016 - 177,469 1,6 674,159 (28,253) (52,099) 204 - 6,561 12,896 4,185 - (28,253) 7,034	BELG 329,718 1198:Agroforestry and Land Health in Malawi		329,718		1	1	329,718	82,045	4,778	4,164	12,991	84,562	'	45,340	233,880	95,837
- 4,596,109 1,039,394 228,408 72,013 319,329 743,753 28,126 2,530 2,443,552 - 2,767,803 1,039,394 209,292 72,013 247,993 666,736 28,126 2,530 2,266,084 - 1,828,307 - 29,116 - 71,336 77,016 - - 177,469 674,159 (28,253) (52,099) 204 - 6,561 12,896 4,185 - (28,253) 7,034 - - - - - - - (28,253)	BELG-869:Funds - 12,378 Collaboration ICRAF - VVOB 2009 - 2010. "Healthy Learning"		12,378		1	1	12,378	1	1	1	1	1		•		12,378
- 2,767,803 1,039,394 209,292 72,013 247,993 666,736 28,126 2,530 2,266,084 - 1,828,307 - 29,116 - 71,336 77,016 - 177,469 674,159 (28,253) (52,089) 204 - 6,561 12,896 4,185 - (28,253) 7,034	Bill and Melinda Gates - 4,600,669 (4	4,600,669		3	1,560)	,	4,596,109	1,039,394	238,408	72,013	319,329	743,753	28,126	2,530	2,443,552	2,152,557
674,159 (28,253) (52,099) 204 - 6,561 12,896 4,185 - (28,253) 7,034 -	BMGF-1022:African - 2,772,363 (Women in Agricultural Research and Development (AWARD)	2,772,363			4,560)		2,767,803	1,039,394	209,292	72,013	247,993	666,736	28,126	2,530	2,266,084	501,719
674,159 (28,253) 204 - 6,561 12,896 4,185 - (28,253) 674,159 (28,253) (20,099) 204 - 6,561 12,896 4,185 - (28,253) 7,034 - - - - - - - - 7,034 - - - - - - - -	BMGF-1206:African - 1,828,307 Women in Agricultural Research and Development (AWARD)		1,828,307		1	1	1,828,307	1	29,116	1	71,336	77,016	•	•	177,469	1,650,838
674,159 (28,253) 204 - 6,561 12,896 4,185 - (28,253) 7,034 - - - - - - - - 7,034 - - - - - - - - -	Canadian International 1,715,938 - 1,01 Development Agency	1		1,01	3,526	674,159	(28,253)	(52,099)	204	,	6,561	12,896	4,185		(28,253)	•
7,034 7,034	CIDA-936:Agroforesty 1,715,938 - 1,0 and Forestry in Sulawesi: Linking Knowledge with Action	,		1,0	1,013,526	674,159	(28,253)	(52,099)	204		6,561	12,896	4,185		(28,253)	ı
7,034	Centre for International 7,034 - Cooperation		1		1	7,034	•	ı		1	1	1			•	ı
	CICZ-928:Water 7,034 - harvesting technologies Revisited: Potentials for Innovations, Improvements and Upscaling in Sub-Saharan Africa					7,034				1	·					

Donor Agreement Centro Internacional de Agricultural Tropical, Colombia 101210 CIAT-1210:Climate	accrued prior year	from prior year year 15,000	Funds received 2017 2017 175,973	Funds accrued 2017 2017 40,620 11,671	2017 2017 231,593 54,644	Personnel costs 114,590 33,518	Professional services 26,415	Training	Operational travel 5,566 3,606	Supplies & services services 66,813	Partnerships -	Capital & Depreciation	Expenditure 213,384 54,644	
Services for Agriculture: Empowering Farners to Manage Risk and Adapt to a Changing Climate in Rwanda CIAT-1236:Advancing Low Emissions Development in Adriculture - CCAFS			80,000		80,000	14,334	26,415		1,960	19,081	,		61,791	
F3 CIAT-1252:CGIAR Platform for Big Data in Agriculture			000'89	28,949	96,949	66,738				30,211			96,949	
CCAF-1217:Climate Change Agriculture and Food Security - Phase II	899,616	0 '	5,932,882	723,886	5,757,153	390,635	18,044	48,037	265,096	2,102,586	310,836	63,296	5,616,313	
CRP11- 1030:Agricultural systems in dry areas	134,833		134,834	0	0				1	0	1	1	0	
CRP12- 1032:Integrated systems for the humid tropics	201,935	1	107,993	93,942	•	1	1	•	1	1	•		1	
CRP2-1028:Policies, Institutions and Markets	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	•	•	0	1	1	0	
CRP5-1016:Water, Land and Ecosystems (CRP)	275,344	•	275,344	1	0	(486)	1	•	1	486	1	1	0	
CRP6-978:Forests, Trees and Agroforestry: Livelihoods, Landscapes and Governance	102,615		102,642		27		(0)		(0)	(3,669)		3,669	(0)	

Donor	Agreement	Funds accrued prior year	Funds b/f from prior year	Funds received 2017	Funds accrued 2017	Total available 2017	Personnel costs	Professional services	Training	Operational travel	Supplies & services	Partnerships	Capital & Depreciation	Total Expenditure	Funds c/f as at 31 Dec 2017
100970	CRP7-970:CGIAR Research Program: Climate Change, Agriculture and Food Security	184,889		176,713	8,176	(0)				(0)	(0)	1	,	0	•
101219	FTAZ-1219:Forest and Agroforestry landscapes	•	1	2,224,818	1	2,224,818	1,144,360	18,805	22,851	79,515	731,693	86,782	,	2,084,006	140,812
101033	GCDT-1033:Genebank CRP						1	(38,782)			0		38,782		
101213	GCDT-1213:Genebank Platform			1,020,000	339,629	1,359,629	540,721	43,932	9,191	110,703	617,745	16,492	20,845	1,359,629	
101221	PIMZ-1221: Policies, Institutions and Markets	•	•	306,339	124,345	430,684	190,827	19,235	7,808	22,822	189,992	1	1	430,684	
101223	WLEZ-1223:Water, Land and Health	1		709,200	80,125	789,325	499,170		7,037	6,420	276,699			789,325	1
Chemoni	Chemonics International	980'59		122,906		57,820	23,158	9,084		1,109	24,469		,	57,820	0
101100	CHEM- 1100:Biodiversity and Watersheds Improved for Stronger Economy and Ecosystem Resilience Project (B+WISER)	65,086	1	122,906		57,820	23,158	9,084		1,109	24,469		'	57,820	0
China		26,778	-	156,000	167,851	297,073	159,346	3,514	777	21,312	112,123	-	•	297,073	•
100766	CHNA-766.Scientific visits to ICRAF for Chinese Scientists	26,778		156,000	167,851	297,073	159,346	3,514	777	21,312	112,123		1	297,073	1
Columbia Eastern & Africa	Columbia Global Center in Eastern & Southern Africa - CGC Africa	•	223,679	650,524	91,223	965,426	450,748	L	•	34,019	480,659	•	1	965,426	1
101139	CGCA-1139:Africa Soil Information Service AfSIS - Phase II	•	223,679	650,524	91,223	965,426	450,748	1		34,019	480,659	1	1	965,426	1
Common Markel Southern Africa	Common Market For East and Southern Africa	4,356	•	1	•	•	•	•	•	1	1	•	1	•	1
101115	CMSZ-1115:Building the Evidence Base for Climate Smart Agriculture	4,356		•	1	,	•	•	1	1		,	1	,	'

		_										
Funds c/f as at 31 Dec 2017	•	'	ı	•	1		•	8,588	8,588	1	T	'
Total Expenditure	330,385	330,385		1	39,418	39,418	•	-	,	1	,	'
Capital & Depreciation	٠		1	1			·	•		1	,	
Partnerships	•							-	,	1	,	
Supplies & services	100,840	100,840	•	,	39,418	39,418						
Operational travel	40,110	40,110	•					-	,	1	•	
Training	2	2	•		1			-			1	
Professional services							•			1	,	
Personnel costs	189,433	189,433	•	1	1		r	-	,	1	,	
Total available 2017	330,385	330,385		1	39,418	39,418	ı	8,588	8,588	1	,	
Funds accrued 2017	85,535	85,535	569,636	569,636	187,659	39,418	148,241	73,067	,	73,067	16,940	
Funds received 2017	393,279	393,279	1	1		1	r	-	,	1	,	(21,578)
Funds b/f from prior year	٠		1	1			·	8,588	8,588	1	21,578	21,578
Funds accrued prior year	148,429	148,429	569,636	569,636	148,241	ı	148,241	73,067	,	73,067	38,518	
Agreement	Concern Worldwide	COWZ-1161:Building Resilience and Adaptation to Climate Extremes and Disasters (BRACED) Programme	Cooperation of Common Fund for Commodities	CFCZ-846:Promoting Development of Economically Viable Rubber Smallholdings in West Africa	VECARD	COWE-1258: Competitive Agricultural Research Grant Scheme on climate change (CasCIERA Project)	COWE-987.An Integrated Cereal- Livestock-Tree System for Sustainable Land Use and Improved Livelihoods of Smallholder Farmers in the Sahel (CerLiveTrees)	Cornell University	CONL-914:NSF BREAD	CONL-943:Research on Village-Scale Pyrolsis for Liquid Biofuels in Africa	Danish Centre for Forest, Landscape and Planning	FLDZ-785:Vegetation and Climate change in Eastern Africa
Donor	Concern	101161	Cooperation of Co	100846	CORAF/WECARD	101258	100987	Cornell U	100914	100943	Danish C Landscap	100785

Funds c/f as at 31 Dec 2017	1	1		168,928	168,928	80,068	24,837	1
Total Fund Expenditure a	,	1,011,164	1,011,164	1,201,989	1,201,989	1,660,309	104,736	352,964
		- 1,0	1,0	- 1,20	- 1,2		-	
Capital & Depreciation						20,496		1,955
Partnerships		263,563	263,563	339,021	339,021	181,849		13,681
Supplies & services		444,590	444,590	212,734	212,734	589,537	58,589	138,437
Operational travel		92,563	92,563	48,768	48,768	113,725	21,353	38,095
Training	1	1		2,213	2,213	3,864	700	894
Professional services		11,877	11,877	•		134,610	275	60,312
Personnel costs	1	198,571	198,571	599,252	599,252	616,228	23,819	66,590
Total available 2017		1,011,164	1,011,164	1,370,917	1,370,917	1,740,377	129,573	352,964
Funds accrued 2017	16,940	110,209	110,209	ı		341,871		79,364
Funds received 2017	21,578	1,346,488	1,346,488	1,316,131	1,316,131	791,832	145,550	49,057
Funds b/f from prior year		•		54,786	54,786	635,244	•	224,543
Funds accrued prior year	38,518	445,533	445,533		1	28,570	15,977	
Agreement	FLDZ- 872:Domestication of Jatropha curcas for oil production on smallholder farms in the Sudano-Sahelian region with focus on Mail, 2009-2013	Danish International Development Agency	DAND- 1063:Strengthening District-Level Capacity Or Reducting Land- Based Emissions and Greening the Economy through Low-Emissions Development Policy that Contributes to Nationally Appropriate Mitigation Actions	Department for International Development	DFID-1155:Improving Livelihoods and Land Use in Congo Basin Forests - Financing Sustainable Community Forest Enterprises in Cameroon (DRVAD)	Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) GmbH	GTZG-1064:Innovating Strategies to Safeguard Food Security using Technology and Knowledge Transfer: A people-centred Approach (ICRAF)	GTZG-1081:Scaling- Up the Science to Create an EverGreen Agriculture in African Countries
Donor	100872	Danish Ir Developn	101063	Department for Development	101155	Deutsche Ge Internationa (GIZ) GmbH	101064	101081

		ı	ı	ı	ı			,
Funds c/f as at 31 Dec 2017	55,231	1	1	1	1	'	-	1
Total Expenditure	259,846	700,407	(1,652)	86,691	103,154	54,163	•	•
Capital & Deprectation		1	1		1	18,541	•	
Partnerships	119,943	30,672		13,242	1	4,311	•	1
Supplies & services	59,869	261,025	(1,773)	24,350	28,431	20,609	•	
Operational travel	1,089	29,276	(576)	11,046	7,374	6,067	•	•
Training	461	ı	1	1,809	1			
Professional services	9,147	19,207	869	15,571	29,400		•	
Personnel costs	69,337	360,227		20,672	37,949	4,635	-	
Total available 2017	315,077	700,407	(1,652)	86,691	103,154	54,163	-	1
Funds accrued 2017		187,202	2,253	68,210	4,472	37.1	190,505	190,505
Funds received 2017		436,062		1	107,371	53,792	•	1
Funds b/f from prior year	315,077	77,142		18,481	1	•	•	1
Funds accrued prior year		1	3,904	1	8,689		190,505	190,505
Agreement	GTZ6-1091:GREEN RUBBER: Alleviating poverty and enhancing environmental integrity through restoring ecosystem services in a tropical plantation crop in the Upper Mekong Region	GTZG-1135:Green Economy and Locally Appropriate Mitigation Actions (GE-LAMA I)	GTZG- 1147:Innovations for Sustainable Cocca Production and Bioversity Conservation in the Hana River Region in Cote d'Ivoire	GTZG-1173:Support to the development of agroforestry concessions in Peru	GTZG-1197:Finance Mechanisms for Low- Carbon Development	GTZG- 1214:Agroforestry Systems in Irrigated Agriculture in Central Asia for Building Resilience against Water Stress and Climate Change	Ebony Enterprises Ltd	EELZ-821:Rwanda Master Plan For Irrigation
Donor	101091	101135	101147	101173	101197	101214	Ebony Er	100821

Funds c/f as at 31 Dec 2017	6,289,314	•	1	273,555		6,015,758	183,730		85,076	98,654	
	688,416 6,28	407	7,265		74,171	92,827 6,0		2,571	,	,	,346
Expend	688,	301,407	7,	212,745	74,	92,	142,916	2,			140,346
Capital & Depreciation		'	1	•	'	1	-	1	'	'	'
Partnerships	88,587		1	88,587		1	(2,480)	(2,480)		'	
Supplies & services	261,800	155,496	2,741	67,942	10,193	25,427	4,901	(45,259)			50,160
Operational travel	85,912	52,178	4,524	7,148	3,891	18,170	12,559	1,052			11,507
Training	37,901	807	•	25,759	223	11,112	7,511	(6,257)	,	,	13,768
Professional services	73,234	21,085		1,199	27,000	23,950	(496)	(496)			
Personnel costs	140,982	71,840	1	22,110	32,864	14,168	120,922	56,012	,	,	64,910
Total available 2017	6,977,729	301,407	7,265	486,301	74,171	6,108,585	326,647	2,571	85,076	98,654	140,346
Funds accrued 2017	242,102	232,654	7,240		2,208	1	54,112	30			54,081
Funds received 2017	6,843,185		•	662,636	71,964	6,108,585	2,818,764	2,696,900			121,864
Funds b/f from prior year	68,778	68,752	26	1	1		183,730		85,076	98,654	
Funds accrued prior year	176,336			176,336		,	2,729,959	2,694,360			35,599
Agreement	Union	EURU- 1048:Participatory Monitoring by Civil Society of Land-use Planning for Low-Emissions Development Strategies	EURU- 1090:AGFORWARD	EURU- 1150:Empowering Forest Dependent Communities through Commercialization of Small-Scale Forestry	EURU-1222:Small Farms, Small Food Businesses and Sustainable Food Security (SALSA)	EURU-1255:Reversing Land Degradation in Africa by Scaling-up Evergreen Agriculture		FIND-1024:Building Biocarbon and Rural Development in West Africa - BIODEV	FIND-1029:JPO -Janni Manniko	FIND-1070:JP0 - Salla Eilola	FIND-1195.Improving Food Security in West and East Africa through Capacity Building in Research and Information Dissemination - Food Africa II
Donor	European Union	101048	101090	101150	101222	101255	Finland	101024	101029	101070	101195

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Funds c/f as	at 31 Dec 2017	14,972		14,971	0		•	
- - - -	lotal Expenditure	404,334	0		102,862	181,482		39,990
c ti	Capital & Depreciation	1						1
	Partnerships	12,330			12,330			
	Services services	160,089	0	,	33,918	85,184		14,832
1000	operational travel	26,477		1	386	22,711		1,260
	Training	20,822			1	20,654	ı	
	Proressional services	26,081				11,678		1
- 00	rersonner costs	158,534		1	56,229	41,255	ı	23,899
Total	available 2017	419,305	0	14,971	102,863	181,482		39,990
Funds	accrued 2017	61,933				25	30,779	14,995
Funds	received 2017	279,334		36,609	44,469	133,295		24,995
Funds b/f	from prior year	130,455	0		58,394	48,162		1
Funds	accrued prior year	52,417		21,638	•	,	30,779	'
	Agreement	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations	FAOZ- 1156:Strengthening multi stakeholder cooperation and building capacity in agro ecological approaches for sustainable agriculture	FA0Z-1169:Enhancing Intersectoral Coordination to Support Government Decision Making	FAOZ-1170:Assessing the Downstream Socioeconomic and Land Health Impacts of Agroforestry in Kenya	FAOZ-1184:Applying Geospatial Methods to Assess and Validate the Uptake of Fertilizer Trees and Fodder Shrubs in Zambia	FAOZ- 1186:Implementation of the Activities of the Project GCP/CMR/033/ GFF: Sustainable Forest Management under the Authority of Cameroonian Councils	FAOZ-1201:Technical Inputs in the Formulation of a Joint Agroforestry Strategy and Action Plan for Rwanda
	Donor	Food and Organiza Nations	101156	101169	101170	101184	101186	101201

c/f as 1 Dec 2017		1	-	278	278	47,077		47,077	69,971		69,971
Funds c/f as at 31 Dec 2017				414,278	414,278	47,		47,	.69		69
Total Expenditure	79,999	(169)	(169)	418,695	418,695	62,836	0	62,836	330,457	248,019	82,438
Capital & Depreciation	1					,	,	,	•	1	1
Partnerships	1			50,796	50,796	,	,	,	•	1	1
Supplies & services	26,156	(169)	(169)	165,319	165,319	25,823	(9,415)	35,238	100,012	74,430	25,582
Operational travel	2,121			3,303	3,303	(1,876)	1,572	(3,448)	44,067	34,626	9,441
Training	168	1	1	593	593	2,765	1,372	1,393	7,642	115	7,527
Professional services	14,403			12,938	12,938	(4,022)	,	(4,022)	•	1	
Personnel costs	37,151	1		185,746	185,746	40,147	6,471	33,676	178,736	138,849	39,887
Total available 2017	79,999	(169)	(169)	832,972	832,972	109,913	0	109,913	400,428	248,019	152,409
Funds accrued 2017	16,134					0	0		102,031	102,031	1
Funds received 2017	39,965			454,869	454,869	122,580		122,580	629,386	476,977	152,409
Funds b/f from prior year	23,900	1		378,103	378,103	,	1	1	•		1
Funds accrued prior year		169	169	•	,	12,667	,	12,667	330,989	330,989	
Agreement	FAOZ-1203:Review of Policy Frameworks for Effective Implementation of REDD+ in the Context of SDGs and other National Action Plans	Global Green Growth Institute	GGGI- 1112:Smallholder Agrosilvopastoralists in Peru's Forest Areas - Livelihood Strategies and Potential Options for Green Growth	Government of India	INDA-980:Research grant	Governors of St. Francis Xavier University - COADY	CODY-1003:Asset- based Community- Driven Development (ABCD) meets Value Chain Approach (VCA)	CODY- 1134:Accelerating Adoption of Agroforestry in Westem Kenya	Heifer International	HFER-1088:East Africa Dairy Development (EADD) Phase II	HFER-1254.Integrating Fodder Banks and Commercial Fodder Production in Milk Bulking Groups in CDSP Districts
Donor	101203	Global Gr	101112	Governme	100980	Governor: University	101003	101134	Heifer Int	101088	101254

Funds c/f as at 31 Dec 2017	2	1	2	ı			114,958	114,958	0	
Total F Expenditure	50,482	,	50,482	,			364,123	364,123	535,716	72,253
Capital & Depreciation	2,478		2,478	,	'		,		95,116	
Partnerships D			,	,	,		69,260	69,260	(7,281)	
Supplies & P	24,824		24,824			·	138,871	138,871	209,675	38,770
Operational travel	1,959		1,959	1	ı		17,768	17,768	52,965	3,333
Training	1	1		,	ı	1	10,606	10,606	1	
Professional services	2,963	,	2,963	ı			49,856	49,856	1,187	161
Personnel costs	18,258		18,258	,	·	·	77,762	77,762	184,055	29,989
Total available 2017	50,483		50,483	,		'	479,081	479,081	535,716	72,253
Funds accrued 2017	607,368	607,368	,				•	1	38,820	1,840
Funds received 2017	179,988		179,988	3,659	9,935	(6,276)	330,959	330,959	468,756	68,024
Funds b/f from prior year	1	,		6,276		6,276	148,123	148,123	36,232	2,389
Funds accrued prior year	736,872	607,368	129,504	9,935	9,935			1	8,092	1
Agreement	IDH Sustainable Trade Initiative	IDHZ-1031:IDH-MARS Cocoa Productivity and Quality Program (CPQP): Cocoa Development Center Platforms for Transfer of Cocoa Regeneration Technologies	IDHZ-1181:Green Growth Plan for South Sumatra	India Council for Agricultural Research	ICAR-851:Enabling Small Holders to Improve their Livelihoods and Benefit from Carbon Finance under the National Agricultural Innovation Project (NAIP)	ICAR-984: Enabling Small Holder Vulnerable Communities to Secure Sustainable Livelihoods under Changing Climate in India	Intergovernmental Authority on Development	IGAD- 1083:Programme in the Tana-Kipini-Laga Badana Bush Land and Seascape	International Crop Reseach Institute for the Semi Arid tropics	ICRI-1026-Africa Rising: Sustainable Intensification of Cereal-Based Farming Systems in the Sudano-Sahelian Zone
Donor	IDH Sust	101031	101181	India Cou Research	100851	100984	Intergovernm Development	101083	Internation Institute 1	101026

Funds c/f as at 31 Dec 2017	ı	0		135,754		40,218	•	•	
Total Expenditure	89,620	373,313	530	2,988,000	(1,824)		197,141	232,635	(4)
Capital & Depreciation		95,116		2,900	,			•	1
Partnerships _L	12,800	(20,081)		1,205,375			57,051	11,900	,
Supplies & services	41,601	128,776	530	628,599	(1,824)		48,363	116,974	(4)
Operational travel	20,482	29,149	1	186,089	1	1	1	30,117	
Training			1	28,550		1	1		
Professional services	937	68	•	102,964	,		•	14,947	1
Personnel costs	13,800	140,265	•	800,523	1		91,727	58,698	'
Total available 2017	89,620	373,314	530	3,123,753	(1,824)	40,218	197,141	232,635	(4)
Funds accrued 2017	36,980		,	3,111,391			901,644	150,737	229,313
Funds received 2017	60,732	340,000		1,839,633	1		639,035		522,533
Funds b/f from prior year		33,314	530	528,101		40,218	1	81,899	•
Funds accrued prior year	8,092			2,355,371	1,824		1,343,538	•	751,850
Agreement	ICRI- 1060:Intensification of Maize-Legume Based Systems in the Semi- Arid Areas of Tanzania (Konwa and Kiteto districts) to Increase Farm Productivity and Improves Farming Natural Resource Base	ICRI- 1107:Disseminating Learning Agenda on Resilient Smart Technologies to Improve the Adaptive Capacity of Smallholder Farmers in the Mopti, Mali	IRLD- 1007:Agroforestry Food Security Programme (AFSP) Phase II	International Fund for Agricultural Development	IFAD-1035:Tree Crops Development in Africa and Asia to Benefit the Poor	IFAD-1040:Sharing Knowledge on Ready- to-Scale High Potential Pro-Poor Agricultural Technologies in India.	IFAD- 1043:Programme for the Development of Alternative Biofuel Crops	IFAD-1096:Climate- Smart, Tree-Based Co- Investment in Climate Change Adaptation and Mitigation in Asia	IFAD-1098:Fruiting Africa: Tree Crops Development in Africa to Benefit the Poor
Donor	101060	101107	101007	International I Development	101035	101040	101043	101096	101098

c/f as 1 Dec 2017	5,619			1	
Funds at 3	5,(
Total Expenditure		500,067	1,050,648	268,947	363,597
Capital & Depreciation	1	3,000	ı		1
Partnerships	1	332,779	606,215	1,279	176,215
Supplies & services		65,921	154,636	107,055	97,841
Operational travel		51,743	22,639	30,317	18,195
Training	1	21,527	1	472	6,552
Professional services		9,855	1	34,518	2,150
Personnel costs		15,242	267,159	95,307	62,645
Total available 2017	5,619	500,067	1,050,648	268,947	363,597
Funds accrued 2017		758,227	884,936	103,954	82,347
Funds received 2017					281,250
Funds b/f from prior year	5,619	•	165,712	164,993	1
Funds accrued prior year	•	258,160			
Agreement	IFAD-1119:Adaptation for Smallholder Agriculture Programme (ASAP) - Related Remote Sensing Baseline Analysis Phase II	IFAD-1146:Restoration of Degraded Lands for Food Security and Poverty Reduction in East Africa and the Sahel - Taking Successes in Land Restoration to Scale	IFAD-1182:Restoration of Degraded Lands for Food Security and Poverty Reduction in East Africa and the Sahe: Taking Successes in Land Restoration to Scale under the Putting Research into Use for Nutrition, Sustainable Agriculture and Resilience (PRUNSAR)	IFAD-1187:Food Trees for Diversified Diets, improved Nutrition, and better Livelihoods for Smallholders in East Africa under the Programme: Putting Research into Use for Nutrition, Sustainable Agriculture and Resilience (PRUNSAR)	IFAD- 1200:Agrobiodiversity and Landscape Restoration for Food Security and Nutrition in East Africa
Donor	101119	101146	101182	101187	101200

Funds c/f as at 31 Dec 2017		89,917	·	808	608	•	•	
Total Expenditure	250,234	126,558		16,678	0	16,678	49,374	49,374
Capital & Depreciation		2,900		-	•	•	-	
Partnerships	19,936		·	•		•	•	•
Supplies & services	37,246	32,392		4,564	0	4,564	16,445	16,445
Operational travel	29,411	3,667		4,351		4,351	3,075	3,075
Training				-	•	ı	-	
Professional services	29,400	12,094		-	•	•	-	•
Personnel costs	134,241	75,505		7,763		7,763	29,853	29,853
Total available 2017	250,234	216,474		17,488	808	16,678	49,374	49,374
Funds accrued 2017	234			4,967	ı	4,967	18,590	18,590
Funds received 2017	250,000	216,474	(69,660)	48,538	36,827	11,711	27,444	27,444
Funds b/f from prior year			09'69	•	•	•	3,340	3,340
Funds accrued prior year		1		36,018	36,018	•	•	
Agreement	IFAD-1243:Cross- cutting capacity building, Knowledge Services and Coordination Project for the Food Security Integrated Approach Pilot Programme	IFAD- 1246:Strengthening Landscape-level Baseline Assessment and Impact-Monitoring in East and Southern Africa	IFAD-923:Scaling Up Conservation Agriculture with Trees for Improved Livelihoods and Environmental Resilience in Eastern and Southern Africa	International Institute of Tropical Agriculture	IITA-1101:Legume CHOICE: Realizing the Underexploited Potential of multi- purpose Legumes towards Improved Livelihoods and a better Environment in crop-livestock system in East & Central Africa	IITA-1245:Tuendelee Pamoja II Project	International Livestock Research Institute	ILRI-1116.Africa RISING - (Research in Sustainable Intensification for the Next Generation)
Donor	101243	101246	100923	Internations Agriculture	101101	101245	Internatio Institute	101116

C C	_	 -	 	0	0	l ,		 ,
Funds c/f as at 31 Dec 2017	·							
Total Expenditure	117,028	60,790	56,238	6,693	6,693	0	184,829	184,829
Capital & Depreciation	1			1			ı	
Partnerships	30,826		30,826			1	9,011	9,011
Supplies & services	41,545	29,380	12,165	3,159	3,159	0	39,834	39,834
Operational travel	18,486	15,028	3,458	1	1	1	40,092	40,092
Training	ı		1	ı	1		22,592	22,592
Professional services	•			•	1	,		
Personnel costs	26,171	16,382	9,789	6,534	6,534		73,300	73,300
Total available 2017	117,029	062'09	56,238	6,693	6,693	0	184,829	184,829
Funds accrued 2017	178,942		178,942	5,500	1	5,500	48,716	48,716
Funds received 2017	66,010	66,010	1	(6,583)		(6,583)	136,112	136,112
Funds b/f from prior year				10,777	6993	1,083	1	
Funds accrued prior year	127,923	5,220	122,703	1	1	,	1	
Agreement	International Maize and Wheat Improvement Center	CYMT-1151:Enhancing Partnership among Africa RISING, NAFAKA and TUBORESHE CHAKULA Programs for Fast Tracking Delivery and Scaling of Agricultural Technologies in Tanzania	IMWI-1163:Africa to Asia - Testing Adaptation in Flood- based Resource Management	International Plant Genetic Resources Institute	PGR-1123:Threats to Priority Food Tree Species in Burkina Faso: Drivers of Resource Losses and Mitigation Measures	IPGR-1148:Targeting Agricultural Innovation in the Northern Volta Basin	International Water Management Institute	IWMI-1218:Africa to Asia - Testing Adaptation in Flood- based Resource Management under the Programme Putting Research into Use for Nutrition, Sustainable Agriculture and Resilience (PRUNSAR)
Donor	Internation Improven	101151	101163	Internation	101123	101148	Internatic Institute	101218

Funds c/f as at 31 Dec 2017	81,145		81,145	81,906	81,906	•	-	18,742	1	18,742
Total Expenditure	142,244	10,351	131,893	67,158	67,158	19	19	'	•	1
Capital & Depreciation	,			1	1	1	1	1		
Partnerships	,			1	,			1		
Supplies & services	90,439	7,968	82,472	21,104	21,104	19	19	1		
Operational travel	34,766	1,003	33,763	5,443	5,443		1	1		
Training	1	1	1	1	1	•	1	•	ı	1
Professional services	6,853	1,380	5,473	•				1	ı	
Personnel costs	10,185		10,185	40,611	40,611		1	1		1
Total available 2017	223,389	10,351	213,038	149,065	149,065	19	19	18,742	,	18,742
Funds accrued 2017	,			ı			1	1		1
Funds received 2017	213,038		213,038	68,600	68,600	•		1	34,488	(34,488)
Funds b/f from prior year	10,351	10,351	1	80,465	80,465	19	19	53,230		53,230
Funds accrued prior year	1			1		•		34,488	34,488	1
Agreement		IRLD-1126:Enhancing Integrated Watershed Management with Climate Smart Agriculture in Geregera Watershed, Ethiopia	IRLD-1231:Enhancing Integrated Watershed Management with Climate-Smart Agriculture in Geregera Watershed - Phase III		JPAN-753:Bioenergy Provision within Agroforestry Systems in East Africa	Kunming Institute of Botany	KIBZ-1105:Building Effective Water Governance in the Asian Highlands	Leibniz Centre for Agricultural Landscape Research e.V.	ZALF-783:Climate Change Impact Assessment and Adaption Options in Vulnerable Agro- landscapes in East Africa	ZALF-854.Strategies To Use Biofuel Value Chain Potential in Sub-Saharan Africa to Respond to Global Change
Donor	Ireland	101126	101231	Japan	100753	Kunming	101105	Leibniz Ce Landscap	100783	100854

Funds c/f as at 31 Dec 2017	ı		1	'	1		22,384	12	22,372
Total Fun Expenditure ^a			(240)	(240)	4,219,320	4,219,320	178,209	(12)	178,221
Capital & Depreciation E)				1	111,549	111,549	,		
Partnerships _{Di}				,	652,575	652,575	2,590		2,590
Supplies & F	,		(240)	(240)	1,903,698	1,903,698	65,803	(12)	65,815
Operational travel	,				113,565	113,565	5,912		5,912
Training	,	1			12,327	12,327	•		
Professional services	,				5,470	5,470	14,772	,	14,772
Personnel costs	,				1,420,136	1,420,136	89,132		89,132
Total available 2017			(240)	(240)	4,219,320	4,219,320	200,593	0	200,593
Funds accrued 2017	31,155	31,155	0	0	888,069	888,069	•		
Funds received 2017	1				4,847,014	4,847,014			
Funds b/f from prior year	,				1		200,593	0	200,593
Funds accrued prior year	31,155	31,155	240	240	1,515,762	1,515,762	1		1
Agreement	Macaulay Land Use Research Institute	MLRI-857.Reducing Emissions from Deforestation and Degradation through Alternative Landuses in Rainforests of the Tropics (REDD-ALERT)	Margaret A. Cargill Foundation	MACF-1036:Protecting Biovdiversity through Improved Community Forest Management and Agforestry		MULT-963:Vision For Change Project: Sustainable Cocoa Communities in Cote d'Ivoire	McKnight Foundation	MCNT-1027-Agro- ecological Intensification of Sorghum and Pearl Millet-Based Production Systems in the Sahel Through Agroforestry. Linking Farmers' Knowledge to Process-Based Science	MCNT-1137.A Learning Platform for Building Localized Food Networks in Cusco, Peru
Donor	Macaulay Institute	100857	Margaret	101036	Mars	100963	McKnight	101027	101137

c/f as 11 Dec 2017	•		2,083,060	2,083,060	45,654	45,654	1,155,506	1,155,506	'		928,838	928,838	603,380	603,380
Funds c/f as at 31 Dec										,				
Total Expenditure	•		2,259,983	2,259,983	203	203	10,669,589	10,669,589		·	555,858	555,858	1,311,159	1,311,159
Capital & Depreciation	1	•	62,079	62,079	•		2,347	2,347	,	1		1	•	1
Partnerships	1		(11,135)	(11,135)			8,275,450	8,275,450	•	•	•	1	•	1
Supplies & services	1	·	901,796	901,796	203	203	1,218,674	1,218,674	,	•	178,115	178,115	718,719	718,719
Operational travel	1		121,805	121,805	•	1	276,323	276,323	1	1	24,494	24,494	8,309	8,309
Training		ı	64,475	64,475		1	42,178	42,178	,		1	,	1	1
Professional services	,		101,829	101,829			63,189	63,189	•		966	966	125,177	125,177
Personnel costs	1		1,019,135	1,019,135	•	1	791,429	791,429	•	1	352,252	352,252	458,955	458,955
Total available 2017	1		4,343,043	4,343,043	45,857	45,857	11,825,095	11,825,095	•	•	1,484,696	1,484,696	1,914,539	1,914,539
Funds accrued 2017	23,595	23,595	922,150	922,150		1			24,316	24,316		1	•	•
Funds received 2017	1		2,631,138	2,631,138	9,320	9,320	7,938,000	7,938,000	ı	1	1,484,696	1,484,696	1,023,427	1,023,427
Funds b/f from prior year	ı		1,563,046	1,563,046	36,537	36,537	3,887,095	3,887,095	•	•	•	,	891,112	891,112
Funds accrued prior year	23,595	23,595	773,291	773,291	•	•	•		24,316	24,316	1	,	•	•
Agreement	Michigan State University	MSUZ-1072:Farmer to farmer extension approaches: Characterizing the approaches of various types of extension services and farmers' perceptions	ĭ	MULTIDONOR	Natural Resources Institute	NRIZ- 1129:Optimisation of Pesticidal-Plants: Technology Innovation, Outreach and Networks (OPTIONs)	sp	NETH-1075.4 Regional in the Sahel and Horn of Africa, enhancing Food and Water Security for Rural Economic Development	Northern Rangelands Company Limited	NRCL-1077:Baseline Assesment and Long- Term Monitoring of Soil and Rangeland Health in NRT areas	Norwegian Agency for Development Cooperation	NORD-1242:Provision of adequate Tree Seed Portfolios (PATSPO)	Operational Support Unit Collaboration	0SUC- 1138:0perational Support Unit Collaboration
Donor	Michigan	101072	Multidonor		Natural Ro	101129	Netherlands	101075	Northern F Limited	101077	Norwegia Developm	101242	Operational S Collaboration	101138

Funds c/f as at 31 Dec 2017	1	1	1	1	29,916	29,916	29,177	29,177	r	
Total F Expenditure	(4,923)	(4,923)	1				96,675	96,675	(124)	(124)
Capital & Depreciation			1		•		,	,	ı	
Partnerships [(340)	(340)	1		•				•	
Supplies & F	(322)	(322)	1		•		44,173	44,173	(124)	(124)
Operational travel	(3,529)	(3,529)	1		•		3,389	3,389	•	1
Training	•	1	1	1	•		604	604	•	
Professional services	(731)	(731)	1				•	1	•	1
Personnel costs	٠	1	1			ı	48,508	48,508	1	1
Total available 2017	(4,923)	(4,923)	1		29,916	29,916	125,852	125,852	(124)	(124)
Funds accrued 2017	138,387	138,387	1		•		,	1	1	
Funds received 2017			54,854	54,854	(3,659)	(3,659)	•	1	•	
Funds b/f from prior year	٠	1	1	1	33,575	33,575	125,852	125,852	•	
Funds accrued prior year	143,310	143,310	54,854	54,854	•		,	,	124	124
Agreement	Princeton University	PRUN-1103:The Agricultural Synergies Project: Guidance for Integrating REDD+ and Agricultural Emissions Reductions	Programme for the Sustainable Management of Natural Resources	PSMN- 1108:Multipurpose Nurseries and Agro-forestry in the framework of PSMNR- SW (2014-2015)	Republic of Maldives	MOFA-873:Scientific and Technical Cooperation in Research, Development and Training in Agro-forestry in the Maldives	Republic of South Africa Government	RSAZ- 1015:Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries	Swedish University of Agricultural Sciences	SLUZ-945:Approaches for Analysing Multi-functionality of Agrófreastry Systems in Western Kenya in Relation to Climate Change Adaptation and Mitigation and Multiunctionality of Agróforestry Systems
Donor	Princetor	101103	Programme Manageme Resources	101108	Republic	100873	Republic of S Government	101015	Swedish Sciences	100945

Funds c/f as at 31 Dec 2017	-	-				1	1		1	256,152	
Total Fr Expenditure	188,879	40,870	148,009	349,732				187,628	162,105	374,244	
Capital & Depreciation				1,631				1,631			
Partnerships D	17,606	17,005	601	23,381		1		23,381	,	14,348	
Supplies & P	64,297	13,151	51,146	81,892	·	,		41,431	40,461	183,896	
Operational travel	15,274	173	15,101	75,143	·	,		52,487	22,656	34,206	•
Training		1	•	11,426				1	11,426		
Professional services	1,244		1,244	11,549		,		8,789	2,760	24,556	
Personnel costs	90,458	10,541	79,917	144,711		1		59,910	84,801	117,238	1
Total available 2017	188,880	40,871	148,009	349,732			1	187,628	162,105	630,395	
Funds accrued 2017	49,413		49,413	129,294	0	0	-	128,813	480	207,004	70,988
Funds received 2017	127,505	28,910	98,595	161,624			1	ı	161,624	605,715	1
Funds b/f from prior year	11,961	11,961	•	58,814		1		58,814	1	0	1
Funds accrued prior year			•	-	0	0	-		,	182,324	70,988
Agreement	Swiss Development Corporation	SDCZ-1093:ICRAF support to the ASEAN- Swiss Partnership on Social Forestry and Climate Change Phase II (ASFCC-II)	SDCZ-1230:ASEAN- Swiss Partnership on Social Forestry and Climate Change (ASFCC)	The Centre for International Forestry Research CIFOR	CFOR- 1010:Adaptation of People to Climate Change in East Africa: Forest Ecosystem Services, Risk Reduction and Human Well-being	CFOR-1045:Climate Change, Agriculture and Food Security (CCAFS)	CFOR-1071:FORESTS AND CLIMATE CHANGE IN THE CONGO PROJECT (FCCC)	CFOR-1189:Enhancing Smallholder Food Security, Incomes, and Gender Equity within West Africa's Forest- Farm Interface	CFOR-1241:Support for the Implementation of FORETS Project - DRC	United Nations Environmental Programme	UNEP-1095:Climate Technology Center and Network
Donor	Swiss De	101093	101230	The Centi Forestry F	101010	101045	101071	101189	101241	United Natio Programme	101095

Donor	101117	101144	101190	101232	101235	101251	101253	United Na Services	101125
Agreement	UNEP-117:An Ecosystem Services Based Analysis of Agroforestry Systems - An input to TEEB for Agriculture and Food Study	UNEP-1144:Joint UNEP-UNIDO Programme to host and manage the Climate Technology Centre and Network (CTCN)	UNEP-1190:Tropical Landscape Financing Facility (TLFF)	UNEP-1232:The Climate Technology Centre and Network (CTCN)	UNEP-1235.Joint UNEP-UNIDO Programme to Host and Manage the Climate Technology Centre and Network (CTCN)	UNEP-1251:Global and Regional Integrated Environmental Assessments (GEO6)	UNEP-1253:The Climate Technology Centre and Network (CTCN) - Tanzania	United Nations Office for Project Services	UNOP- 1125.Implementation of Agroforestry Atternatives to Shifting Cultivation in Myanmar (Livelihood and Food Security Trust Fund - LIFT Project)
Funds accrued prior year		83,150	28,185	,		,	1		
Funds b/f from prior year	0		1	1		1	1	9,291	9,291
Funds received 2017		218,000	1	182,000	55,715	30,000	120,000	1	
Funds accrued 2017			106,015	,		30,000	1		
Total available 2017	0	134,850	77,830	182,000	55,715	000'09	120,000	9,291	9,291
Personnel costs		5,567		30,371	10,923	50,284	20,093	11,411	11,411
Professional services		ı	10,527		•		14,029		
Training		ı	•		1			•	ı
Operational travel		12,645	574	1,700	13,206	1	080'9	(463)	(463)
Supplies & services	0	3,168	66,729	51,841	30,493	9,716	21,948	(16,918)	(16,918)
Partnerships		1	1	14,348		1	1	8,516	8,516
Capital & Depreciation		ı		,		1	1	•	
Total Expenditure	0	21,380	77,830	98,261	54,622	60,000	62,151	2,546	2,546
Funds c/f as at 31 Dec 2017		113,470		83,739	1,093	1	57,849	6,745	6,745

Agreement	tue.	Funds accrued prior year	Funds b/f from prior year	Funds received 2017	Funds accrued 2017	Total available 2017	Personnel costs	Professional services	Training	Operational travel	Supplies & services	Partnerships	Capital & Depreciation	Total Expenditure	Funds c/f as at 31 Dec 2017
United States Agency for International Development	icy for opment	•	3,008,015	3,822,149	,	6,830,164	773,562	168,345	75,345	112,669	1,118,405	1,495,958	41,216	3,785,500	3,044,663
USAD-1 the Sah Evidenc GCC)	USAD-1001:Greening the Sahel, Building an Evidence Base (EGAT/ GCC)	1	12,120	1	1	12,120	1	,		1	1	1	1		12,120
USAD-1	USAD-1044:AWARD	,	,	,	,		,		,	,	(10,067)			(10,067)	10,067
USAD-1	USAD-1094:AWARD		1,486,276	588,000		2,074,276	51,854	109,555	7,656	53,814	361,790		•	584,669	1,489,608
USAD-1 Up Resi Smart A Technol Improve Access Nutritio in Mali	USAD-1128:Scaling- Up Resilience Smart Agroforestry Technologies for Improved Market Access, Food and Nutritional Security	1	910,084	2,058,000		2,968,084	434,882		72,519	46,401	561,437	1,335,263	38,545	2,489,047	479,037
USAD-17 Governa Adapting Change	USAD-1133:Local Governance and Adapting to Climate Change		33,215	490,149	1	523,364	134,601	15,357	(14,038)	(391)	71,921	160,695	2,672	370,816	152,548
USAD-1177: Agriculture a Landscapes	USAD-1177:Vietnam Agriculture and Forest Landscapes	1	566,319			566,319	119,360	10,464	672	12,845	92,635	1	1	235,976	330,344
USAD- Wome Resea Develc	USAD-1216:African Women in Agricultural Research and Development (AWARD)		1	000'989	1	686,000	32,864	32,970	8,537	1	40,689	1	1	115,060	570,940
United States Der Agriculture	United States Department of Agriculture	•	77,627	132,088	20,589	230,304	98,722	•	3,169	9,038	60,288	13,301	•	184,518	45,786
USDA-1106 Capacity in Quantify Gra Gas Emissic Reductions Climate-Sm Agriculture	USDA-1106:Enhancing Capacity in Kenya to Quantify Greenhouse Gas Emission Reductions from Climate-Smart Agriculture	•	10,430	•	•	10,430	•	1	3,169	1,788	5,472		•	10,429	-
USDA- for Clii Agricu Learni Tanzaı	USDA-1160:Support for Climate-Smart Agriculture Reference/ Learning Sites in Tanzania	1	67,198	24,098	20,589	111,885	59,571		1	5,608	33,406	13,301		111,885	1

Donor Agreement	101244 USDA- 1244:Strengthening Capacity to Implement Priority Actions for Achieving Resilient Food Security in Tanzania	University of California, Davis	101079 UCDZ-1079:Establish African Plant Breeding Academy (AfPBA) in Nairobi, Kenya with support from the World Agroforestry Center (ICRAF)	University of Copenhagen	101118 UCOP-1118:Valorizing African Agriculture - VALOR	World Bank	101055 IBRD-1055:Improving Measuremnts of Agricultural Productivity Through Methodological Validation and Research	101087 IBRD-1087:Economic of Drylands Resilience in Sub-Saharan Africa: Assessment of Economic Potential of Trees in Sub-Saharan Production Landscapes	101122 IBRD-1122:Taking to Scale Tree- Based Ecosystem Approaches that Enhance Food Security, Improve Resilience to Climate Change and Sequester Carbon in Rwanda
_	ening plement s for ilient in	avis	stablish Sreeding BA) in t with the estry	_	alorizing Iture -		proving nrough al	onomic ssilience in ment of ential 5-	king tem lat ove Slimate equester
Funds accrued f prior year		155,748	155,748	75,357	75,357	79,631	79,609		0
Funds b/f from prior year		1		•		17,960		17,960	ı
Funds received 2017	107,990	507,667	507,667	78,332	78,332	176,257	176,257		
Funds accrued 2017		82,347	82,347	45,544	45,544	22			0
Total available 2017	107,990	434,266	434,266	48,519	48,519	114,608	96,648	17,960	
Personnel costs	39,151	31,803	31,803	17,764	17,764	44,720	44,720	1	•
Professional services				1	1	-	•		
Training			1	•		852	852	1	
Operational travel	1,643	74,212	74,212	7,203	7,203	2,878	2,878		
Supplies & services	21,410	328,251	328,251	12,774	12,774	42,498	42,498		
Partnerships		•	'	10,779	10,779	-	•		•
Capital & Depreciation				•	1	-	1		,
Total Expenditure	62,204	434,266	434,266	48,519	48,519	90,947	90,947	1	'
Funds c/f as at 31 Dec 2017	45,786	'	'	•	'	23,661	5,701	17,960	•

Funds c/f as at 31 Dec 2017		128,476	37,244	•	91,233	532		224	309
Total Expenditure		196,001		196,001	,	237,365	(55)	237,420	
Capital & Depreciation		•		1	1	-			
Partnerships		11,168	ı	11,168	1	-			
Supplies & services		45,983	1	45,983	1	84,829	(55)	84,884	
Operational travel		3,368	•	3,368	1	11,483		11,483	
Training	1	269		269	1	•	1	1	1
Professional services		•	1	1	1	42,866		42,866	
Personnel costs	1	135,214	,	135,214	1	98,187	ı	98,187	
Total available 2017		324,478	37,244	196,001	91,233	237,897	(55)	237,644	309
Funds accrued 2017	22	456,613		456,613	1	-			
Funds received 2017	1	100,000	,	100,000	1	215,900	ı	209,949	5,951
Funds b/f from prior year		128,476	37,244	1	91,233	27,695	ı	27,695	
Funds accrued prior year	22	360,612	•	360,612	1	5,698	55		5,642
Agreement	IBRD-1130:Taking to Scale Tree- Based Ecosystem Approaches that Enhance Food Security, Improve Resilience to Climate Change and Sequester Carbon in Malawi	World Cocoa Foundation	WCFZ-1066:Cocoa Community Development Fund	WCFZ- 1109:Increasing Food Crop Diversity on Cocoa Farms and in Cocoa Communities	WCFZ-1131:WCF Echoes - Zongokro, Akpouekro and M'brakro	World Conservation Union	IUCN-1124:Improving the Way Knowledge on Forests is Understood and Used Internationally (DFID KNOW-FOR)	IUCN-1192:Improving the way Knowledge on Forests is Understood and Used Internationally (DFID KNOW-FOR)	IUCN-1193:Integrated plan to enhance socio-economic and ecological resilience of the wider Hurri Hills and Shurr landscapes, Marsabit Kenya
Donor	101130	World Coc	101066	101109	101131	World Cor	101124	101192	101193

Funds c/f as at 31 Dec 2017	-	•	1		108,488	108,488	•	ı	11,833		11,833
Total Expenditure	457,816	109,420	(0)	348,397	78,179	78,179	1	•	290,459	167,321	123,138
Capital & Depreciation			1		•		•	ı			1
Partnerships	•					,		ı	,	•	1
Supplies & services	209,023	59,189	0	149,834	17,695	17,695	1	ı	104,450	64,383	40,066
Operational travel	28,598	2,808	(0)	25,790	7,410	7,410	1	1	19,757	14,414	5,343
Training	9,222	6,754	1	2,469	53,074	53,074	•	,	5,800	6,000	(3,200)
Professional services	9,339	3,000		6,339		,	•	ı	60,745	21,375	39,370
Personnel costs	201,634	37,669	1	163,965	•	,	•		90,706	58,148	41,558
Total available 2017	457,816	109,420	(0)	348,397	186,668	186,668	•	1	302,292	167,321	134,971
Funds accrued 2017	138,999	75	0	138,923	•		28	28	4,748	4,748	1
Funds received 2017	343,495	134,022	1	209,473	122,134	122,134	1		434,723	227,342	207,380
Funds b/f from prior year	•	•	1		64,534	64,534	•	1	,		1
Funds accrued prior year	24,678	24,678	0	,	ı	1	28	28	137,179	64,770	72,409
Agreement	World Vision International	WDVN-110:East Africa Region wide Farmer Managed Natural Regeneration (FNMR) Project	WDVN- 1176:Indonesian Rural Economic Development (IRED)	WDVN- 1227:Indonesian Rural Economic Development in East Sumba Indonesia	German Academic Exchange Service	DAAD-1157:Promote Regional PhD training programme	International Centre for Research in Organic Food Systems	ICRO-1145:Viability of the Villum Experiment (VOVE)	London School of Hygiene & Tropical Medicine	LSHM-1159.Low Cost Surveillance for Monitoring Agriculture and Nutrition Impacts of Scaling Climate- Smart Agriculture in Sub-Saharan Africa	LSHM- 1162:Probabilistic Causal Models for Nutrition Outcomes of Agricultural Actions
Donor	World Vis	101110	101176	101227	German A Service	101157	Internatic in Organi	101145	London School of Tropical Medicine	101159	101162

Funds c/f as at 31 Dec 2017	•		0	0	1	1	16,771	16,771	1	
Total Expenditure	44,637	44,637		•			21,241	21,241	14,727	14,727
Capital & Depreciation			•	•			17,432	17,432	•	
Partnerships	7,205	7,205	•	•			ı		ı	
Supplies & services	5,319	5,319	ı				3,625	3,625	2,512	2,512
Operational travel	1,069	1,069	1		•	,	183	183	14,007	14,007
Training	11,471	11,471	•	•		'	•			1
Professional services	,			•			ı	1	,	
Personnel costs	19,574	19,574	1	1			•	• 	(1,793)	(1,793)
Total available 2017	44,637	44,637	0	0			38,012	38,012	14,727	14,727
Funds accrued 2017	5,466	5,466		•			•		110,429	110,429
Funds received 2017		ı	•	•		,	146,153	146,153	8,861	8,861
Funds b/f from prior year	39,171	39,171	0	0	1		•		1	
Funds accrued prior year			1	•	1,729	1,729	108,142	108,142	104,563	104,563
Agreement	,ch	ETHZ- 1152:Biophysical, Institutional and Economic Drivers of Sustainable Soil Use in Yam Systems for Improved Food Security in West Africa (YAMSYS)	INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR ENVIRONMENT, IIED	IIED- 1141:Understanding the Driver- Commodities-Gender Nexus in Vietnam	Laboratoires Clarins	LABC- 1142:Development of Innovative and Sustainable Cosmetic Ingredients	The Interprofessional Fund for Agricultural Research and Council	FIRC- 1158:INSTALLATION AND MANAGEMENT OF FIFTEEN (15) AUTOMATIC WEATHER STATIONS FOR WEST AFRICA :-AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTIVITY PROGRAM IN COTE D'IVOIRE	HUNAN YUNJIN GROUP	HUYU- 1149:International Research and Development Cooperation Program on Africa Calotropis gigantean
Donor	ETH-Zurich	101152	INTERNA	101141	Laborato	101142	The Interl for Agricu Council	101158	HUNAN Y	101149

Partnerships Capital & Total at 31 Dec 2017	- 57,594	- 57,594 -	8,267 - 379,620 186,839	8,267 - 379,620 186,839	102,115 -		- 102,115 -	69,188 2,336	- 69,188 2,336	93,733 1	- 45,999 1	- 47,735
Supplies & services	3,070 39,080	3,070 39,080	33,946 279,678	33,946 279,678	12,055 42,926		12,055 42,926	1,977 22,982	1,977 22,982	8,410 59,107	121 31,044	8,290 28,063
Operational travel	(5,065) 3,0	(5,065) 3,(16,534 33,9	16,534 33,9	780 12,0		780 12,(610 1,9	610 1,9	- 8,4		5,8
el Professional ts services	3,300	3,300	31 833	883	30 (307)		(307)	186	186	1,109	85 999	72 110
Total Personnel available costs	57,594 17,208	57,594 17,208	566,459 40,361	566,459 40,361	102,115 46,660		102,115 46,660	71,524 43,434	71,524 43,434	93,734 25,107	45,999 13,835	47,735 11,272
Funds accrued 2017	18,031	18,031			121,531	82,055	39,476			47,735		47,735
ls b/f Funds prior received year 2017	- 60,984	- 60,984	324 536,635	29,824 536,635	- 109,297		- 109,297	3,108 68,416	3,108 68,416	45,999	- 666	
Funds Funds b/f accrued from prior prior year year	21,421	21,421	- 29,824	- 29,8	128,713	82,055	46,658	- 3,	· "	- 45,	- 45,999	
Agreement	nitiatives	STFZ-1166.Sharing Knowledge on the use of Biochar for Sustainable Land Management	Universal	COUN- 1168:Empowering Forest Dependent Communities through Commercialization of Small-Scale Forestry Project	Catholic Relief Services	CRSZ-1178:Improved Diversified Agricultural Production and Community Management of Natural Resources	CRSZ-1180:United in Building and Advancing Life Expectations (UBALE)	SNV Netherlands Development Organisation	SNDO- 1179:Sustainable Integrated Land Management Solutions (SILMS)	World Resources Institute	WRIZ-1171:Landscape Restoration Assessment in South Sumatra and Jambi, Indonesia	WRIZ-1257:Project for Peat Restoration and Management Planning
Donor	Starfish Initiatives	101166	Concern Universal	101168	Catholic F	101178	101180	SNV Netherla Organisation	101179	World Res	101171	101257

Funds c/f as at 31 Dec 2017	'	·	1	1	9,222	9,222	1		1		1	-
		_	"							_		
Total Expenditure	121,231	121,231	318,106	318,106	77,412	77,412	155,524	155,524	173,187	173,187	105,961	105,961
Capital & Depreciation					1		3,120	3,120	3,078	3,078		1
Partnerships				1				1	17,958	17,958	20,000	20,000
Supplies & services	43,576	43,576	124,686	124,686	37,714	37,714	67,202	67,202	73,211	73,211	25,766	25,766
Operational travel	10,038	10,038	19,693	19,693	5,009	5,009	7,638	7,638	13,081	13,081		•
Training				1	3,878	3,878	1			,		
Professional services	675	675	4,025	4,025			6,000	0,000	646	949		
Personnel costs	66,942	66,942	169,703	169,703	30,811	30,811	71,564	71,564	65,215	65,215	30,195	30,195
Total available 2017	121,231	121,231	318,106	318,106	86,634	86,634	155,524	155,524	173,187	173,187	105,961	105,961
Funds accrued 2017	121,049	121,049	252,305	252,305	1		53,428	53,428	207,156	207,156	51,420	51,420
Funds received 2017	39,480	39,480	235,023	235,023	61,702	61,702	102,096	102,096	119,821	119,821	78,277	78,277
Funds b/f from prior year					24,814	24,814		1			•	
Funds accrued prior year	39,297	39,297	169,221	169,221	1		1	1	153,789	153,789	24,399	24,399
Agreement	EcoAgriculture Partners	ECAP-1174:Improving Nutritional Status and Resilience of Vulnerable groups by Integrating Territorial Strategies for food systems, Environmental management, and health: Development of methods for rural- urban policy analysis and action in Laikipia	WYG International Itd	WYGI-1183:Bringing Evidence to Bear on Negotiating Ecosystem Service and Livelihood Trade- Offs in Sustainable Agricultural Intensification	RWANDA NATURAL RESOURCES AUTHORITY	RNRA- 1194:Sustainable Forestry, Agroforestry and Biomass Energy Management for Climate Resilience in Gatsibo District	The Nature Conservancy	TNCZ- 1233:Assessments of Land Health in the Upper Tana Watershed	Yayasan Social Investment	YSII-1205:Pasuruan Lestari Program	University of Ghana	UNGH-1202:Climate Smart Cocoa Systems for Ghana
Donor	EcoAgric	101174	WYG Inter	101183	RWANDA NA AUTHORITY	101194	The Natu	101233	Yayasan (101205	University	101202

Funds c/f as at 31 Dec 2017	•		9,207	9,207	1	1	17,198	17,198	•	1
Total Expenditure	63,642	63,642	89,598	89,598	130,100	130,100	259,154	259,154	134,143	134,143
Capital & Depreciation	-	'	•	1			1	'	•	
Partnerships	9,000	000'6	•		1	,			•	•
Supplies & services	22,344	22,344	40,851	40,851	87,461	87,461	114,779	114,779	38,950	38,950
Operational travel	3,059	3,059	6,097	6,097	12,047	12,047	37,643	37,643	15,036	15,036
Training	-		8,238	8,238	13,249	13,249	441	441	4,377	4,377
Professional services	9,405	9,405	975	975	141	141	51,760	51,760	2,600	2,600
Personnel costs	19,834	19,834	33,437	33,437	17,201	17,201	54,530	54,530	73,181	73,181
Total available 2017	63,642	63,642	98,805	98,805	130,100	130,100	276,352	276,352	134,143	134,143
Funds accrued 2017	0	0	•		1,239	1,239			37,547	37,547
Funds received 2017	63,642	63,642	98,805	98,805	128,861	128,861	276,352	276,352	96,596	96,596
Funds b/f from prior year	-	ı	•	·	ı		ı	1	•	
Funds accrued prior year	-	1	1	,			ı		•	
Agreement	Montana State University	MSUN- 1228:Increasing Demand for Weather-based Index Assurance in Kenya by Lowering Basis Risk and Improving Farmer Understanding through Experiential Learning	Fondation pour le Tri-National de la Sangha	FTNS- 1226:Supporting a Promotion of Sustainable Agriculture in Perspective REDD+ in the Periphery of Parks and Lobeke Dzanga Ndoki		CEMO- 1225:Environment- Agroforestry component of the Transparence Cacao	African Development Bank	AFDB-1224:Roll out of the Gender in Agribusiness Investments for Africa	ırps	MECO-1229:Climate Information Services Research Initiative
Donor	Montana	101228	Fondation la Sangha	101226	CEMOI	101225	African D	101224	Mercy Corps	101229

Funds c/f as at 31 Dec 2017	1		152,354	152,354	215,800	215,800	61,512	61,512	1	1	32,618	32,618
Total Fi Expenditure	50,000	50,000	56,598	56,598	242,472	242,472	31,201	31,201	90,043	90,043	8,652	8,652
Capital & Depreciation				ı	1		4,500	4,500		1		
Partnerships _D						,	-		,	1		
Supplies & P	19,301	19,301	23,427	23,427	88,195	88,195	14,017	14,017	31,852	31,852	1,901	1,901
Operational travel	7,691	7,691		ı	17,299	17,299	12,683	12,683	4,412	4,412	1,106	1,106
Training	,						-		ı		•	1
Professional services	,				86,649	86,649	-		,	1	5,644	5,644
Personnel costs	23,008	23,008	33,172	33,172	50,328	50,328	•	ı	53,779	53,779	1	
Total available 2017	50,000	50,000	208,952	208,952	458,271	458,271	92,713	92,713	90,043	90,043	41,269	41,269
Funds accrued 2017	20,000	50,000					-		8,043	8,043		
Funds received 2017			208,952	208,952	458,271	458,271	92,713	92,713	82,000	82,000	41,269	41,269
Funds b/f from prior year		1	1	,	1		-		•	,	•	
Funds accrued prior year			1				•		ı	1	1	•
Agreement		CARE-1250:Bringing Agroforestry to Scale For Improved Livelihood in Care- Harande	Brazilian Agricultural Research Corporation - EMBRAPA	BRZL-1256:Linking Knowledge to Action: Co-developing Best-Bet Options for Integrated Soil Fertility Management, Increased Profitability and Poverty Reduction in Agricultural Landscapes of Africa	Adam Smith International Limited	ASIL-1238:Evidence, Learning and Influencing Small Grants	Government of Chad	CHAD-1240:Putting in Place the Agroecological Monitoring System and a Geographic Information System (GIS) for the PARSAT Project	Ministry of Agriculture and Food Security (Lesotho)	MAFS-1247:Wool and Mohair Promotion Project (WAMPP)	Natura Innovation and Technology Products Ltd.	NITP-1208:Tropical Forest Alliance (2020) in Central and South America
Donor	CARE	101250	Brazilian Corporati	101256	Adam Sn	101238	Governm	101240	Ministry (101247	Natura In Technolog	101208

as BC			1	-		1	~
Funds c/f as at 31 Dec 2017							19,806,648
Total Expenditure	287,682	287,682	80,565	80,565	73,993	73,993	52,426,041
Capital & Depreciation	1	•	•	1	•		484,419
Partnerships		•			-		13,923,228
Supplies & services	115,264	115,264	18,442	18,442	27,424	27,424	16,567,968
Operational travel	14,869	14,869	1,193	1,193	7,590	7,590	2,885,325
Training		1	'		-	1	620,640
Personnel Professional costs services	1			1	8,000	8,000	1,581,274
Personnel costs	157,549	157,549	60,930	60,930	30,980	30,980	16,363,186
Total available 2017	287,682	287,682	80,565	80,565	73,993	73,993	72,232,689
Funds accrued 2017	287,682	287,682	55,701	55,701	31,371	31,371	12,993,532
Funds received 2017	1	1	24,864	24,864	42,622	42,622	55,772,151
Funds b/f from prior year		1	•	1	-		18,888,498
Funds accrued prior year	1	•	•	1	-		15,428,695
Agreement	International Institute for Applied Systems	IIAS-1248:RESTORE+: Addressing Landscape Restoration on Degraded Land in Indonesia and Brazil	BirdLife Indonesia Association	BLIA-1239:Investing in Agroforestry Options for Forest Restoration in Indonesia	University of New Hampshire	UNHZ-1215.Integrated Resource Development for the Genome-rabled Improvement of Shea Tree for Sub-Saharan Africa	
Donor	Internation Systems	101248	BirdLife	101239	Universit	101215	

Exhibit 3:

Statement of Overhead Expenses

(in US Dollars '000)

	2017	2016
Research Expenses and non-CGIAR Collaboration	47,368	54,603
General and Administration Expenses	7,692	8,262
Total Costs	55,060	62,865
Percentage Indirect/Direct	16.2%	15.1%

Exhibit 4: **AWARD Programme**

(in US Dollars '000)

	2017	2016
Grants received/Receivable		
Brought Forward		
AFDB	276	-
USAID	-	700
USAID Country Missions	588	686
Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation (AWARD)	-	5,435
SALSA Grant	-	67
MULT	54	14
Brought Forward	9,680	7,661
Adjustment for BMGF 1206	(2,634)	-
Interest Earned	64	3
Receipts during the year	-	-
Total	8,028	14,566
Expenditure		
Personnel costs	1,228	1,628
Professional services and supplies	1,371	1,823
Operational travel	867	1,435
Total	3,466	4,886
Grants balance c/f (deficit)	4,562	9,680

Exhibit 5:

CGIAR Research Programmes

CGIAR Research Programme - WLE: Water Land and Ecosystem

For the year ended 31 December 2017 (In US Dollars '000)

Expenditure Report

W1 + W2 Window Centre Bilateral Total **Funds Funds** 632 154 1,925 Personnel Costs 1,139 Collaborators/Partnership Costs - CG Collaborators/Partnership Costs - Others 53 53 674 Supplies and Services 48 680 (54)Operational Travel 6 189 7 202 Depreciation 5 10 15 Subtotal 2,066 117 686 2,869 Institutional Overhead (% of direct cost) 103 236 339

789

Funding Report

Total	INCOME	YEAR 1	TOTAL
1,925	OP. BALANCE	-	-
-	WLE W1+W2 funds	709	709
53	TOTAL	709	709
674			
202			
15	EXPENDITURE		TOTAL
2,869	WLE W1+W2 Expenses	789	789
339	TOTAL EXPENDITURE	789	789
3,208	BALANCE	(80)	(80)

CGIAR Research Programme - PIM: Policies Institutions and Markets

2,302

117

For the year ended 31 December 2017 (In US Dollars '000)

Expenditure Report

TOTAL

	W1 + W2 Funds	Window 3	Bilateral	Centre Funds	Total
Personnel Costs	282	-	488	-	770
Collaborators/Partnership Costs - CG Centers	-	-	-	-	_
Collaborators/Partnership Costs - Others	-	-	3	-	3
Supplies and Services	70	-	177	-	247
Operational Travel	23	-	62	-	85
Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal	375	-	730	-	1,105
Institutional Overhead (% of direct cost)	56	-	85	-	141
TOTAL	431	-	815	-	1,246

Funding Report

INCOME

OP. BALANCE	-	-
PIMZ W1+W2 funds	306	306
TOTAL	306	306
EXPENDITURE		TOTAL
PIMZ W1+W2 Expenses	431	431
TOTAL		
EXPENDITURE	431	431

YEAR 1

TOTAL

CGIAR Research Programme FTA: Forests Trees and Agroforestry

For the year ended 31 December 2017 (In US Dollars '000)

Expenditure Report

	W1 + W2 Funds	Window 3	Bilateral	Centre Funds	Total
Personnel Costs	1,537	3,795	8,933	4,802	19,066
Collaborators/Partnership Costs - CG Centers	-	1,386	-	-	1,386
Collaborators/Partnership Costs - Others	87	10,267	1,831	13	12,196
Supplies and Services	109	1,297	4,907	3,121	9,435
Operational Travel	80	640	1,216	672	2,608
Depreciation	-	46	365	794	1,205
Subtotal	1,813	17,431	17,252	9,401	45,896
Institutional Overhead (% of direct cost)	272	1,569	2,296	(5,464)	(1,328)
TOTAL	2,085	19,000	19,547	3,938	44,569

Funding Report

INCOME	YEAR 1	TOTAL
OP. BALANCE	-	-
FTA W1+W2 funds	2,225	2,225
TOTAL	2,225	2,225
EXPENDITURE		TOTAL

EXPENDITURE		TOTAL
FTA W1+W2 Expenses	2,084	2,084
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	2,084	2,084
BALANCE	141	141

CGIAR Research Programme: Genebank

For the year ended 31 December 2017 (In US Dollars '000)

Expenditure Report

	W1 + W2 Funds	Window 3	Bilateral	Centre Funds	Total
Personnel Costs	689	-	-	-	689
Collaborators/Partnership Costs - CG Centers	-		-	-	-
Collaborators/Partnership Costs - Others	16	-	-	-	16
Supplies and Services	348	_	-	-	348
Operational Travel	111	-	-	-	111
Depreciation	21	_	-	-	21
Subtotal	1,185			-	1,185
Institutional Overhead (% of direct cost)	175	_	-	-	175
TOTAL	1,360	-	-	-	1,360

Funding Report

INCOME	YEAR 1	TOTAL
OP. BALANCE	-	-
GCDT W1+W2 funds	1,020	1,020
TOTAL	1,020	1,020
EXPENDITURE		TOTAL
GCDT W1+W2 Expenses	1,360	1,360
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	1,360	1,360
BALANCE	(340)	(340)

CGIAR Research Programme CCAFS: Climate Change, Agriculture and

Food Security
For the year ended 31 December 2017 (In US Dollars '000)

Expenditure Report						Funding Re	port	
	W1 + W2 Funds	Window 3	Bilateral	Centre Funds	Total	INCOME	YEAR 1	TOTAL
Personnel Costs	488	133	562	-	1,183	OP. BALANCE	-	-
Collaborators/Partnership Costs - CG Centers	-	35	-	-	35	CCAF W1+W2 funds	875	875
Collaborators/Partnership Costs - Others	208	0	11	-	218	TOTAL	875	875
Supplies and Services	87	19	508	2	616			
Operational Travel	46	0	78	-	124			
Depreciation	-	3	-	-	3	EXPENDITURE		TOTAL
Subtotal	828	190	1,159	2	2,180	CCAF W1+W2 Expenses	953	953
Institutional Overhead (% of direct cost)	124	6	133	-	264	TOTAL EXPENDITURE	953	953
TOTAL	953	196	1,292	2	2,444	BALANCE	(78)	(78)

CGIAR Research Programme: Big Data In Agriculture For the year ended 31 December 2017

(In US Dollars '000)

Expenditure Report						Funding R	eport	
	W1 + W2 Funds	Window 3	Bilateral	Centre Funds	Total	INCOME	YEAR 1	TOTAL
Personnel Costs	83	-	-	-	83	OP. BALANCE	-	-
Collaborators/Partnership Costs - CG Centers	-	-	-	-	_	CIAT W1+W2 funds	68	68
Collaborators/Partnership Costs - Others	-	-	-	-	-	TOTAL	68	68
Supplies and Services	2	-	-	-	2			
Operational Travel	-	-	-	-	-			
Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-	EXPENDITURE		TOTAL
Subtotal	84	-	-	-	85	PIMZ W1+W2 Expenses	97	97
Institutional Overhead (% of direct cost)	13	-	-	-	13	TOTAL EXPENDITURE	97	97
TOTAL	97	-	-	-	98	BALANCE	(29)	(29)



Notes	

Notes		





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